



~~SECRET~~

DECLASSIFICATION AUTHORITY DERIVED FROM:  
FBI AUTOMATIC DECLASSIFICATION GUIDE  
DATE 11-14-2011

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE  
FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

In Reply, Please Refer to  
File No.

New York, New York  
November 13, 1964

Bureau 100-153735

Re: Communist Influence in Racial Matters  
Internal Security - C

On November 12, 1964, a confidential source, who has furnished reliable information in the past, furnished information which indicated that Bayard Rustin, on that date, contacted Tom Kahn, who is a friend and associate of Rustin. Rustin stated that he had finally gotten his passport which, he said, had been held up all day. Rustin further stated that he had gotten the White House, the Democratic National Committee, and [redacted] (phonetic), (who was not further identified), working on it. According to Rustin, [redacted] had determined that the passport was being held up because of Congressional investigation. Kahn inquired if they were investigating Rustin, and Rustin replied that apparently they were because of the March on Washington. Rustin made the statement that he "would just love to be investigated".

b6  
b7C

Rustin indicated that he wanted to get the matter of the passport cleared up because of the other trip to Oslo, Norway, with Martin Luther King, Jr., (President of the Southern Christian Leadership Conference, who is to receive the Nobel Peace Prize in Oslo, Norway, in December, 1964). Rustin also stated that [redacted] (White House Assistant) "really went to bat" for him in order to get the passport.

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This document contains neither recommendations nor conclusions of the FBI. It is the property of the FBI and is loaned to your agency; it and its contents are not to be distributed outside your agency.

~~SECRET~~  
~~Group 1~~

Excluded from automatic  
downgrading and  
declassification

100-153735-581

Searched \_\_\_\_\_  
Serialized \_\_\_\_\_  
Indexed \_\_\_\_\_  
Filed \_\_\_\_\_

~~SECRET~~

## Communist Influence In Racial Matters

Rustin told Kahn that he anticipated leaving on an 8:00 o'clock plane.

On November 12, 1964, the same confidential source furnished information that a woman, who was not known to the source, contacted Rustin on that date. Rustin told her that he was leaving that evening to make arrangements for Martin Luther King, Jr., to meet the Prime Minister (Harold Wilson) and the Arch Bishop of Canterbury.

On November 12, 1964, Special Agents of the Federal Bureau of Investigation (FBI) observed Bayard Rustin board Air India Flight Number 108, which departed from New York City, 8:56 PM, enroute to London, England.

A confidential source, who has furnished reliable information in the past, advised in January, 1961, that Thomas David Kahn admitted being a member of the Young People's Socialist League (YPSL) from 1957 to 1961, and a member of the National Executive Committee of the YPSL during the same period.

For a characterization of the YPSL, see attached.

The March on Washington was a civil rights demonstration which took place in Washington, D.C., on August 28, 1963. Rustin was the Deputy Director of the March on Washington.

~~SECRET~~

F B I

DATE: 11/13/64

Transmit the following in \_\_\_\_\_  
(Type in plain text or code)

Via <sup>or</sup> AIRTEL \_\_\_\_\_  
(Priority)

TO: DIRECTOR, FBI (100-442529)

FROM: SAC, NEW YORK (100-153735)

SUBJECT: CIRM  
IS-C

DECLASSIFICATION AS OF 2/23/77  
by 6080

Re New York teletypes, 11/12/64.

Enclosed herewith for the Bureau are seven copies of a letterhead memorandum, dated and captioned as above.

The source who furnished the information in the letterhead memorandum was NY 4212-S\*, a source close to BAYARD RUSTIN.

Sources used to characterize BAYARD RUSTIN are NY 2359-S\* and NY 4212-S\*.

Source used to characterize BENJAMIN J. DAVIS is  b7D

Source used to characterize THOMAS DAVID KAHN is a record of the Selective Service, January, 1961.

- 5 - Bureau (100-442529) (Encls. 7) (RM)
  - (1 - 100-158790) (BAYARD RUSTIN)
  - (1 - 100-106670) (MARTIN LUTHER KING, JR.)
- 2 - Atlanta (Encls. 2) (Info) (RM)
  - (1 - 100-5586) (MARTIN LUTHER KING, JR.)
  - (1 - 100-6670) (CIRM)
- 1 - New York (100-46729) (BAYARD RUSTIN) (42)
- 1 - New York (100-130250) (THOMAS DAVID KAHN)
- 1 - New York (100-136585) (MARTIN LUTHER KING, JR.) (42)
- 1 - New York (100-153735) (42)

JCS:gmd  
(12)

Approved: \_\_\_\_\_  
Special Agent in Charge

Sent \_\_\_\_\_

100-153735-582

SEARCHED	INDEXED
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42 NOV 18 1964	
FBI - NEW YORK	

NY 100-153735

Agents who observed BAYARD RUSTIN on 11/12/64, were  
STEPHEN FEDUNIAK and [REDACTED]

b6  
b7C

The New York Office has no further information  
concerning [REDACTED] (ph) mentioned in the letterhead memorandum.

This letterhead memorandum has been classified  
"Secret" because it contains information from NY 4212-S\*,  
a source who has furnished highly sensitive information with  
respect to the racial situation in the New York area and  
the Communist infiltration thereof. In view of this, it is  
deemed necessary that this classification be utilized.



UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

# Memorandum

TO : SAC, New York (100-153735)

DATE: 11/13/64

✓ FROM : Director, FBI (100-442529)

SUBJECT: CIRM

ReATairtel 11/5/64, copies to New York, above caption as well as concerning Martin Luther King, Jr.

On page two of the letterhead memorandum it is reported that Bayard Rustin told King that he wanted to bring one [redacted] (phonetic) with him at the Thursday meeting in New York City. When King agreed to this, Rustin advised that he would tell Harry Wachtel that it was agreed that [redacted] could come. The meeting in question apparently refers to that of King's advisors or sometimes referred to as the "research committee."

b6  
b7C

Bufiles contain a reference to one [redacted] who was reportedly born [redacted] and who was [redacted] of the New York office of the American Friends Service Committee as of 6/61. This individual is possibly identical to the [redacted] who is subject of New York file 105-8921.

b6  
b7C

New York should make effort to fully identify the [redacted] who may be becoming a part of the advisor group to King and should his name again come up as a participant in any of the group's meetings, he should be appropriately characterized if adverse information concerning him is available.

1 - Atlanta (100-6670)

100-153735-583

SEARCHED	INDEXED
SERIALIZED	FILED
NOV 13 1964	
FBI-NEW YORK	

SEATON



In Reply, Please Refer to  
File No.

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

New York, New York

November 13, 1964

Bureau 100-442529

Re: Communist Influence In Racial Matters  
Internal Security - C

A confidential source, who has furnished reliable information in the past, advised on November 11, 1964, that Bayard Rustin (Organizer of the March on Washington, D.C.) was in contact on that date with an unidentified woman. During their contact, Rustin was asked why he was not in London, England. He replied that he had planned to go to London on that date, but said he had waited too long to apply for his passport, and due to the holiday (Veterans Day), it was not processed. He said the passport office was closed but that "[redacted] who works for United Nations Ambassador Adlai Stevenson", arranged to get the office open (New York Passport Office) but nothing could be done since the Washington Passport Office was closed. He said he had tickets (airline) for tomorrow (November 12, 1964) and planned to go then.

b6  
b7c

The source said Rustin also conferred with [redacted] of London, England [redacted] of the Campaign for Nuclear Disarmament) on November 11, 1964. He informed her that he had trouble with his passport because of the holiday, therefore, would arrive in London on Friday, November 13, 1964, rather than on Thursday.

This document contains neither recommendations nor conclusions of the Federal Bureau of Investigation. It is the property of the Federal Bureau of Investigation and is loaned to your agency; it and its contents are not to be distributed outside your agency.

~~SECRET~~

Group 1

100-153735-584

Searched

Serialized

Indexed

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~~Excluded from automatic  
downgrading and  
declassification~~

~~SECRET~~

## Communist Influence in Racial Matters

[ ] according to the source, said there was nothing new on the Archbishop of Canterbury matter. Rustin b6 asked if she thought he could take care of all the matters b7C on Friday so that he would be able to return to New York on Friday night. [ ] said she thought he could accomplish everything in one day.

On November 9, 1964, the same source advised that Bayard Rustin and [ ] b6 b7C [ ] of the Southern Christian Leadership Conference, (SCLC) were in contact on that date, during which time they discussed the fact that confusion had arisen in London over Martin Luther King's trip to London in December, 1964. The confusion, according to the source, arose over the fact that the Archbishop of Canterbury desired to receive King, but due to King's affiliation with the Baptist Church, there was opposition to him greeting King.

It was agreed during their conference that Rustin would go to London on Wednesday, November 11, 1964, to try to clarify the confusion.

The same confidential source advised on November 11, 1964, that Rustin was in contact on that date with [ ] b6 b7C Rustin mentioned having met Ralph (believed to be Dr. Ralph Bunche) at a reception several nights ago, and that Ralph told him that he would like to have a big affair for Martin Luther King as a consequence of having won the Nobel Peace Prize. In that regard, Rustin said Ralph told him that he would wait until he heard more from him (Rustin) as to the type affair they should have... Rustin said he had not called him (Ralph) because there was a possibility that President Johnson might come to New York to attend an affair on King's return from receiving the prize.

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## Communist Influence in Racial Matters

Rustin said that King had agreed on November 10, 1964, to meet with United Nations Secretary U. Thant before leaving for Europe on December 5, 1964.

With regard to King's trip to Europe to receive the Nobel Prize, Rustin told [ ] that he (King) would probably meet with the Archbishop of Canterbury and Prime Minister Wilson while in London. Rustin asked [ ] if he did not think that "our people" (United States Embassy) in London should do something (apparently alluding to King's visit there). [ ] replied in the affirmative, adding, however, that "we have a stuffy Ambassador there by the name of Bruce, but it may be possible". b6 b7C

On November 11, 1964, the source advised that Bayard Rustin was in contact with Dr. Ralph Bunche on that date. Rustin related that he was in touch with Martin Luther King on November 10, 1964, during which time King said he would accept United Nations Secretary U. Thant's invitation to dinner on December 4, 1964.

Bunche told Rustin that he would also like to hold a dinner party in King's honor. The party, Bunche said, would be composed of about eighteen to twenty people and would be held at his home on the evening of December 3, 1964.

According to the same source, on November 11, 1964, Rustin was in touch with [ ] during which time Rustin relayed to [ ] that King's presence was desired at a dinner by Secretary U. Thant on December 4, 1964, and at a dinner by Dr. Ralph Bunche on December 3, 1964. According to [ ] King will be present at both dinners. b6 b7C

~~SECRET~~

F B I

DATE: 11/13/64

Transmit the following in PLAIN TEXT  
(Type in plain text or code)

Via AIRTEL  
(Priority)

TO: DIRECTOR, FBI (100-442529)

FROM: SAC, NEW YORK (100-153735)

SUBJECT: CIRM  
IS-C

Enclosed are seven copies of a letterhead memorandum, captioned and dated as above.

The sources who characterized BAYARD RUSTIN were:

NY 2359-S\* and NY 4212-S\*

- 5 - Bureau (Encls. 7) (RM)
  - (1 - 100-106670) (MARTIN LUTHER KING, JR.)
  - (1 - 100-158790) (BAYARD RUSTIN)
- 2 - Atlanta (Encls. 2) (INFO) (RM)
  - (1 - 100-5586) (MARTIN LUTHER KING, JR.)
  - (1 - 100-6670) (CIRM)
- 1 - New York (100-46729) (BAYARD RUSTIN) (42)
- 1 - New York (100-136585) (MARTIN LUTHER KING) (42)
- 1 - New York

JMK:kpm  
(11)

Approved: \_\_\_\_\_  
Special Agent in Charge

Sent

100-153735-585

SEARCHED	INDEXED
SERIALIZED	FILED
NOV 13 1964	
FBI - NEW YORK	

*[Handwritten signatures and initials over the stamp]*

NY 100-153735

[redacted] was the subject of an SGE investigation in June, 1963, BU 140-27864. He was investigated for the position of Special Assistant for Mission Services, United Nations, Department of State.

A review of these files failed to furnish sufficient information of a subversive nature to characterize [redacted] in this letterhead.

b6  
b7C  
b7D

[redacted] was the source who characterized BENJAMIN J. DAVIS.

The source who furnished the information in the LHM was NY 4212-S\*.

This letterhead memorandum is classified "~~Secret~~" because it contains information from NY 4212-S\*, a source who has furnished highly sensitive information with respect to the racial situation in the NY area and the Communist infiltration thereof. In view of this, it is deemed necessary that this classification be used.

DIRECTOR, FBI (157-1676)

11/13/64

SAC NEW YORK (157-1175)

CIRM;  
MISSISSIPPI SUMMER PROJECT  
RM (OO:Jackson)

The New York "COURIER" 11/7/64, p. 2, in article entitled "COFO Continues 'Summer Project'", announced that COFO would continue its summer project throughout the fall and winter. COFO (Council of Federated Organizations) reportedly urged the National Lawyers Guild (NLG) to continue to provide volunteer legal aid to the COFO "freedom fighters". The article stated that NLG has responded by establishing a new "Southern Regional Office" of the Guild in Jackson, Mississippi, to provide the necessary volunteer attorneys for Mississippi, as well as conduct normal bar association activities in the entire South. Other functions of the Guild's new office will include conducting workshops on legal subjects for Southern attorneys.

The above information has not been submitted in LHM form for the reason that it is not known by NYO whether substantially identical information has already been disseminated by Jackson Office.

3-Bureau  
(1-100-442529)  
1-Detroit (100-2760) NLG (Info)  
2-Jackson (RM)  
(1-157-100)  
①-New York (100-153735)  
1-New York (157-1167) (COFO) 42  
1-New York (100-10769) (NLG) 41  
1-New York (157-1175)

VJA:upk  
(10)

Searched \_\_\_\_\_  
Serialized \_\_\_\_\_  
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100-153735-586

CM

UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT  
MEMORANDUM

TO : SAC, NEW YORK

FROM : SA JOHN F. MALLEY

SUBJECT: WEST SIDE SECTION, NYCCP  
IS-C

DATE: 11/16/64

(45)

Identity of Source

[REDACTED]

Description of info

Meeting of a CP Club,  
West Side Section, NY  
County CP, 10/27/64.

b7D

Date Received

10/29/64

Original Located

[REDACTED]

A copy of informant's report follows:

1 - New York [REDACTED] (INV.) [REDACTED] (45)  
1 - New York 100-26603-C42 (NY COUNTY CP) (45)  
1 - New York 100-71969 [REDACTED] (45)  
1 - New York 100-118090 [REDACTED] (45)  
1 - New York 100-108205 [REDACTED] (45)  
1 - New York 100-122352 [REDACTED] (45)  
1 - New York 100-141221 [REDACTED] (45)  
1 - New York 100-25585 [REDACTED] (45)  
1 - New York 97-169 [REDACTED] (45)  
1 - New York 100-60628 [REDACTED] (45)  
1 - New York 100-12421 [REDACTED] (45)  
1 - New York 100-79303 (COMINFIL CORE) (41)  
1 - New York 100- (COMINFIL EQUAL) (41)  
1 - New York 100-153735 (COMMUNIST INFLUENCE IN RACIAL  
MATTERS) (42) 100-153735-587  
1 - New York 100-79717 (CP USA POLITICAL ACTIVITIES) (42)  
1 - New York 100-146684 (WOMEN STRIKE FOR PEACE) (41)  
1 - New York 100-26603-C1920 (45)

b6  
b7C  
b7D

SEARCHED.....INDEXED.....  
SERIALIZED.....FILED.....

NOV. 16, 1964  
FBI - NEW YORK

JFM:poc  
(17)

*[Signature]*



Oct. 27, 1964

This evening Tuesday, Oct. 27, 1964, the meeting of a West Side Communist Party Club was held in the home of [redacted] Time [redacted] b6 b7C  
8:30 - 11:00 P.M.

Those present were the following:

[redacted]

[redacted] b6 b7C

[redacted] announced that the club is behind in its quota for The Worker Fund Drive. It was suggested that the Club have a swap party in someone's home but no concrete plans were made. [redacted] also announced that the \$500 dollars which is donated to the fund drive by [redacted] [redacted] has not been given due to the fact that [redacted] is ill. However, a donation of \$100 was contributed by a friend of [redacted] The name of the person was not mentioned. b6 b7C

[redacted] further stated that a member of the club should become a member of CORE which, according to [redacted] has opened a office on West 82nd St. N.Y.C. Also, a member of the club should join "EQUAL". b6 b7C

[redacted] stated that she would join "EQUAL" but later changed her mind. V

[redacted] stated that a County meeting it was suggested that members of the "Party" vote on the Liberal Party row since the Democratic Candidates are endorsed by The Liberal Party.

According to [redacted] the reason for this, is that at one time the Liberal Party was at one time considered a Leftist Party. However, according to [redacted] there are no Communists in the Liberal Party at this time. b6 b7C

[redacted] gave a brief report on a recent meeting of the Women Strike For Peace.

[redacted] gave a brief report on the activities of the  
FDR-Woodrow Wilson Democratic Reform Club.

b6  
b7C

[redacted] stated that if the "Party" wants its  
members to vote on the Liberal Party row for the Democratic  
Candidates then we should work in the Liberal Party and  
not in the Democratic Reform Clubs.

DIRECTOR, FBI (100-442529)

11/16/64

SAC, CLEVELAND (100-27056)

CIRM  
OO: NY

Re New York letter to Bureau, 10/23/64, listing [redacted] of Cleveland CORE as being a national officer of CORE, and requesting that an appropriate check be made of the Bureau files.

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For the information of the Bureau and New York Office, a review of the references of the Cleveland Office do not reflect any affiliation of Ruth Turner with any subversive group.

[redacted] advised on 10/26/64 that he knows [redacted] well and has been in frequent contact with her in connection with CORE activities. He stated that she has had contact with some Socialist Workers Party members since the SWP was active in CORE prior to its 9/1/64 election. [redacted] said that in spite of his personal dislike for [redacted] he could not say that she has ever given any indication of being sympathetic with the SWP itself, and in fact was the principal force behind the move to defeat all SWP members or sympathizers in the recent CORE elections.

b6  
b7C

[redacted] stated that [redacted] spoke at an SWP sponsored open forum in 1963 but this was for the purpose of describing the March on Washington, and did not concern SWP policies. He stated that both the SWP and CORE have supported some of the same activities, such as the [redacted] case, but [redacted] participation was due to her work in the civil rights field and had nothing to do with the fact that the SWP also supported the same cause. Concerning [redacted] stated

b6  
b7C

- 2 - Bureau
- ① - New York (100-153735) (Info)
- 2 - Cleveland  
(1 - 100-26741)

REK/mkrm  
(5)

100-153735-588

SEARCHED	INDEXED
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CV 100-27056

that CORE and many other Negroes did not want to see her returned to North Carolina for trial, not because of her subversive background, but simply because it was another case in which it appeared to these persons that she would not receive a fair trial.

By reason of the above facts, [REDACTED] is not characterized in CIRM reports from the Cleveland Office.

b6  
b7C

File—Serial Charge Out  
FD-5 (Rev. 6-17-70)

048-16-83475-1 GPO

File 100-153735-589 Date 5/2/77

Class

Case No.

Last Serial

☐ Pending

☒ Closed

Date

Serial No.

Description of Serial

Charged

Serial sent to Bureau, per Bu-

airtel to NY, dtd. 4/12/77.

titled: Bernard S. Lee v.

Clarence M. Kelley, et. al.

Bufile 62-117194c

Employee

RECHARGE

Date

To

From

Initials of  
Clerk

Date

Date Charged

Employee

Location

File-Serial Charge Out  
FD-5 (Rev. 6-17-70)

048-16-83475-1 GPO:

File 100-153735-590 Date 5/2/77  
Class ☐ Pending ☒ Closed Case No. Last Serial

Serial No. Description of Serial Date Charged

Serial sent to Bureau, per Bu-  
airtel to NY, dtd. 4/12/77,  
titled: Bernard S. Lee v.  
Clarence M. Kelley, et. al.  
BuFile 62-117194

Employee

RECHARGE

Date

To From

Initials of Clerk {  
\_\_\_\_\_  
\_\_\_\_\_  
\_\_\_\_\_

Date {  
\_\_\_\_\_  
\_\_\_\_\_  
\_\_\_\_\_

Date Charged

Employee

Location

File-Serial Charge Out  
FD-5 (Rev. 6-17-70)

048-16-83475-1 GPO:

File 100-153735-591 Date 5/2/77  
Class ☐ Pending ☒ Closed Case No. Last Serial

Serial No. Description of Serial Date Charged

Serial sent to Bureau, per Bu-  
airtel to NY, dtd. 4/12/77,  
titled: Bernard S. Lee v.  
Clarence M. Kelley, et. al.  
BuFile 62-117194

Employee

RECHARGE

Date

To From

Initials of Clerk

Date

Date Charged

Employee

Location

File-Serial Charge Out  
FD-5 (Rev. 6-17-70)

048-16-83475-1 GPO.

File 100-153735-592 Date 5/2/77

Class

Case No.

Last Serial



Pending



Closed

Date

Serial No.

Description of Serial

Charged

Serial sent to Bureau, per Bu-

airtel to NY, dtd. 4/12/77,

titled: Bernard S. Lee v.

Clarence M. Kelley, et. al.

BuFile 62-117194d

Employee

RECHARGE

Date

To

From

Initials of  
Clerk

Date

Date Charged

Employee

Location



DIRECTOR, FBI (100-442529)

11/16/64

SAC, BOSTON (100-35427) (P\*)

COMMUNIST INFLUENCE IN  
RACIAL MATTERS  
IS - C  
(OO: NEW YORK)

100-151545

Re report of SA KENNETH P. WEST, dated 10/30/64  
at Boston concerning the captioned matter.

A copy of reference report is enclosed herewith  
for the information of the Albany Office since the state  
of Vermont, which is covered by that office, is within  
the territorial boundaries of the Communist Party, USA,  
New England District.

- 2 - Bureau (100-442529) (RM)
  - 1 - Albany (100-19249) (encl. 1) (Info.) (RM)
  - 1 - New York (RM)
  - 1 - Boston (100-35427)
- RPM/mab  
(5)

100-151545-593

SEARCHED	INDEXED
SERIALIZED	FILED
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FBI - NEW YORK	
KEATON, J. I.	

fr

TO: SAC, NY (100-153308) (43)  
FROM: SA [REDACTED] (43)  
SUBJECT: QAAU

b6  
b7C

DATE: 11/16/64

Date received <b>11/5/64</b>	Received from (name or symbol number) [REDACTED]	Received by SA [REDACTED]
---------------------------------	---	------------------------------

b6  
b7C

Method of delivery (check appropriate blocks)

☒ in person ☐ by telephone ☐ by mail ☐ orally ☐ recording device ☒ written by Informant

If orally furnished and reduced to writing by Agent:

Date

Dictated \_\_\_\_\_ to \_\_\_\_\_

Transcribed \_\_\_\_\_

Authenticated  
by Informant \_\_\_\_\_

Date of Report

**11/2/64**

Date(s) of activity

**Current**

Brief description of activity or material

**Info concerning QAAU**

File where original is located if not attached

**NY 170-76A-68**

Remarks:

**Informant's written report set out with corrections  
in spelling and punctuation:**

1 - NY 170-76A	(Inv) (43)
1 - NY 157-1253	
1 - NY 100-153697	[REDACTED] (43)
1 - NY 105-8999	(MALCOLM H LITTLE) (43)
1 - NY 100-145486	(JAMES SHAEZ) (43)
1 - NY 100-153335	[REDACTED] (43)
1 - NY 100-152759	(MIE) (43)
① - NY 100-153735	(CIRRI) (42)
1 - NY 100-153308	(43) --

b6  
b7C

HPL:mca  
(9)

Block Stamp

**100-153335-594**

*[Handwritten signature: Heaton]*

NY 100-153308

\*\*\* Office of Afro-American Unity

Hotel Theresa Room 128 (O.A.A.U.)

[redacted] - MALCOLM X, JAMES SHABAZZ, [redacted]

b6  
b7C

This organization is an off-spring of MALCOLM X's  
M.M.I.

The reason for this outfit is for those who want to follow MALCOLM X's belief but not his religion. MALCOLM X is carried as the director of said group with JAMES SHABAZZ 69X acting as an advisor. A [redacted] is supposed to be the youth leader of the organization with [redacted] being the editor of the paper. This group is about 8 months old and is very dangerous both to the community and to the country. They go on the belief of black supremacy and have plans underway to set up in other communities in the city and thru-out the country.

b6  
b7C

[redacted] has made trips to Washington, D.C., Chicago, and Phila., Pa.

b6  
b7C

Organization is a young one but has the ability to fast become a problem. Should be kept under close supervision at all times. Many of their members are young and of college age, with a great many of the members well educated. I get the impression that [redacted] and some of his close assistance are ~~efficient~~.



UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE  
FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

In Reply, Please Refer to  
File No.

WASHINGTON, D. C. 20535  
November 16, 1964

"STATE OF THE RACE" MEETING  
NEW YORK CITY, JANUARY, 1965

"The Evening Star" a Washington, D.C. newspaper, Monday, November 9, 1964, Page C-20, contained an article captioned "Negro Spokesmen Planning Talks on '65 Rights Activities"; the article stated:

"Leading Negro spokesmen are planning a 'State of the Race' meeting in New York City sometime in January.

"Walter E. Fauntroy, pastor of the District's New Bethel Baptist Church and director of the Washington office of the Southern Christian Leadership Conference, said the meeting has been called by A. Philip Randolph, director of the March on Washington.

"The purpose of the meeting will be to discuss what future activities will engage the civil rights organizations and what new directions the movement will take," Fauntroy said.

"An earlier meeting of civil rights organizations is scheduled for Dec. 9-11 at the Sheraton Park Hotel. The National Urban League has invited representatives of 300 organizations here to plan a far-reaching drive to improve the Negro's position in the American economy.

"Urban League staffers and government officials are scheduled to explain how the antipoverty program and the Civil Rights Act can be used to wipe out poverty and racial discrimination.

"Fauntroy, who has just returned to Washington from a month-long assignment of directing SCLC's get-out-the-vote program in northern and western

100-153735-595

SEARCHED	INDEXED
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"STATE OF THE RACE" MEETING  
NEW YORK CITY, JANUARY, 1965

states, said the civil rights group will focus its efforts on political action and economic advancement.

" 'Demonstrations will continue where it is necessary to dramatize failures to implement the Civil Rights Act and where the right to vote is still denied Negroes,' Fauntroy said.

"Fauntroy coordinated the appearances of Dr. Martin Luther King, Nobel Peace Prize winner for 1964 and head of SCLC, in six metropolitan centers during the final week of the presidential campaign.

"King's appearances in the Negro areas of Cleveland, Baltimore, Cincinnati, Los Angeles, Detroit and Chicago, Fauntroy said, helped deliver the Negro vote to President Lyndon Johnson. The crowds which greeted King on his 'people to people' tour ranged from an estimated 10,000 in Baltimore to about 5,000 in Cincinnati, he said. King made at least 15 street-corner speeches in each city.

"Fauntroy said the tour convinced him that Negroes are becoming more aware of the significance of their vote. This, he added, means that Negroes will shelve the 'politics of disorder' tactic to achieve their goals."

F B I

Date:

NOV 16 1964

Transmit the following in \_\_\_\_\_  
(Type in plain text or code)Via AIRTEL \_\_\_\_\_  
(Priority or Method of Mailing)

TO: DIRECTOR, FBI (100-442529)

FROM: SAC, WFO (100-43710) (P)

CIRM

Re Bureau letter 11/10/64 entitled  
 "CIRM" to WFO, NY, and CG. Re NY airtels 9/10/64 and  
 9/23/64; WFO airtel 9/28/64 and CG airtel 10/21/64,  
 captioned "CIRM". Re Baltimore airtel 11/10/64 entitled  
 "CP, USA ORGANIZATION, IS-C CINAL."

Above references all pertain to a State of the  
 Race Conference, called by A. PHILIP RANDOLPH of the  
 Negro American Labor Council, originally scheduled to be held  
 in October, 1964, at Howard University in Washington, D.C.  
 It was subsequently postponed until after the election and  
 then until 12/11-13/64, still at Howard University.

- OK 3 - Bureau (Enc. 7)  
 4 - New York (100-153753) (Enc. 4) (RM)  
     (1-100-80641) (CP, USA, ORGANIZATION)  
     (1-100-139834) (COMINFIL, NALC)  
     - (1-100-STATE OF RACE CONFERENCE NYC, JAN. 1964)  
 2 - Baltimore (Enc. 2) (RM)  
     (1-100-12464) (CP, USA ORGANIZATION)  
 1 - Chicago (Enc. 1) (RM)  
 1 - Philadelphia (Enc. 1) (RM)  
 1 - Detroit (Enc. 1) (RM)  
 1 - Boston (Enc. 1) (RM)  
 4 - WFO  
     (1-61-49H) (CP, USA ORGANIZATION)  
     (1-100- ) (COMINFIL NALC)  
     (1-100-43854) (STATE OF THE RACE CONFERENCE, HOWARD  
     UNIVERSITY, DEC. 11-13, 1964)

CEG:meh  
 (17)

AIRTEL

100-153753-596

SEARCHED	INDEXED
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NOV 17 1964	
FBI - NEW YORK	
Serron, J.	

Approved: \_\_\_\_\_  
 Special Agent in Charge

Sent \_\_\_\_\_ M Per \_\_\_\_\_

WFO 100-43710

Enclosed for the Bureau are seven copies of an LHM reflecting that this conference has apparently been moved to NYC in January, 1964. Copies of the LHM are also being furnished to NY, BA, CG, DE, and BS since they have been furnished information about the conference.

WFO is closing it's case on the State of the Race Conference at Howard University.

NY should follow the scheduled NY conference and keep the Bureau promptly advised of all pertinent developments and insure development of information revealing any communist efforts aimed at the conference.

WFO will follow the National Urban League meeting in Washington, D.C., DEC 9-11, 1964 through established sources and advise the Bureau and interested offices of pertinent developments.

File—Serial Charge Out  
FD-5 (Rev. 6-17-70)

048-16-83475-1 GPO:

File 100-153735-597 Date 4/29/77

Class ☐ Pending ☒ Closed Case No. Last Serial

Serial No.

Description of Serial

Date  
Charged

Serial sent to Bureau, per Bu-  
airtel to NY, dtd. 4/12/77,  
titled: Bernard S. Lee v.  
Clarence M. Kelley, et. al.  
BuFile 62-117194

Employee

RECHARGE

Date

To From

Initials of  
Clerk

Date

Date Charged

Employee

Location



File-Serial Charge Out  
FD-5 (Rev. 6-17-70)

048-18-83475-1 GPO:

File 100-153735-598 Date 4/29/77

Class ☐ Pending ☒ Closed

Serial No. Description of Serial Date Charged

Serial sent to Bureau, per Bu-  
airtel to NY, dtd. 4/12/77,  
titled: Bernard S. Lee v.  
Clarence M. Kelley, et. al.  
BuFile 62-117194c

Employee

RECHARGE

Date

To From

Initials of Clerk

Date

Date Charged

Employee

Location

DIRECTOR, FBI (100-442529)

11/16/64

SAC, NEW YORK (100-153735)

CIRM  
IS-C

Re Albany letter to Bureau, 10/31/64.

Source used to characterize [redacted] in letterhead memorandum dated 3/4/64, at NY captioned, "March on Albany, 3/10/64; RM" is [redacted]. In view of this information, AL T-9 in report of SA [redacted] dated 10/31/64, at Albany captioned, "CIRM; IS-C" should be identified as [redacted] in the cover pages.

b6  
b7C  
b7D

2-Bureau (100-442529) (RM)  
1-Albany (100-19249) (RM)  
1-Boston (RM)  
1-Buffalo (RM)  
(1-New York (100-153735) (42)

JCS:rmv  
(5)

Searched \_\_\_\_\_  
Serialized \_\_\_\_\_  
Indexed \_\_\_\_\_  
Filed \_\_\_\_\_

100-153735-599

*W*  
*MC*

SAC, Little Rock (100-3564)

11/16/64

Director, FBI (100-142523)

CIRM

ReLRep SA [redacted] 10/29/64.

b6  
b7C

It is noted that rerep is not classified although it would appear, from the sources concealed by T symbols, that it should have been classified. Reconsider this matter and advise.

Paragraph one, page two contains information furnished by [redacted] to Special Agents. [redacted] was involved in a voter registration campaign and advised that [redacted] is [redacted]

Following this information it is reported, by way of characterization, that [redacted] was at one time a member of the Communist Party. It was also reported that [redacted] was one of a group of doctors of the Medical Committee for Human Rights who had recently gone to Mississippi. On cover page 2 it is noted that the spelling of [redacted] name as furnished by [redacted] is different than the spelling of [redacted] as set out in the characterizing information.

b6  
b7C

The foregoing raises a most serious question of identity. If [redacted] was once a Party member, it is of course pertinent. On the other hand, if the former Party member is not the [redacted] of [redacted] there would be no significance attaching to the participation of [redacted] in the voter registration work. This is a matter which must be resolved between your Office and the New York Office after which a judgement should be made as to what, if any, information should be reported.

b6  
b7C

Expediently resolve the matters discussed above and advise the Bureau as to corrective action necessary. Expedite, as dissemination of rerep is being held in abeyance.

① - New York (100-153735)

100-153735-600

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NOV 16 1964	
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*[Signature]*

11/16/64

AIRTEL

AIR MAIL - REGISTERED

TO: DIRECTOR, FBI (100-442629)  
FROM: SAC, LITTLE ROCK (100-3564) p  
SUBJECT: CIRM 100-1548

Recap of SA [redacted] dated 10/20/64  
at Little Rock; and Bulet to Little Rock dated 11/16/64  
with copy to New York.

b6  
b7C

Review of material contained in referenced  
report indicates report should be classified confidential;  
accordingly, Little Rock copies have been changed. Bureau  
and New York are requested to classify their copies of  
this report "Confidential - GROUP 1 Excluded from automatic  
downgrading and declassification."

Justification for this classification is as  
follows:

"This report is classified confidential inasmuch  
as it contains information furnished by live informants  
and the unauthorized disclosure of this information could  
hinder the activities of these informants and be inimical  
to the national defense of the United States."

The above statement should be added to the  
Administrative Pages of referenced report.

Concerning the identity of [redacted]  
the former CP member, there is no information in the  
Little Rock file which would assist in identifying [redacted]  
as [redacted]

b6  
b7C

[redacted] New York City.

3 - Bureau (RM)  
2 - New York (RM)  
2 - Little Rock  
EFH/jaw  
(7)

*leaf*

100-1548-601

SEARCHED	INDEXED
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NOV 18 1964	
FBI - NEW YORK	

LR 100-3534

New York is requested through established sources to expeditiously attempt to resolve identity in this matter and promptly advise Little Rock and the Bureau so appropriate changes can be made in referenced report.

TO: SAC, NY  
FROM: SA [redacted]  
SUBJECT: COMMUNITY COUNCIL ON HOUSING

DATE: 11/16/64

b6  
b7C  
b7D

Date received <b>11/5/64</b>	Received from (name or symbol number) [redacted]	Received by SA [redacted]
---------------------------------	---	------------------------------

Method of delivery (check appropriate blocks)

☒ in person ☐ by telephone ☐ by mail ☐ orally ☐ recording device ☒ written by Informant

If orally furnished and reduced to writing by Agent:

Date

Dictated \_\_\_\_\_ to \_\_\_\_\_

Transcribed \_\_\_\_\_

Authenticated  
by Informant \_\_\_\_\_

Date of Report

**11/2/64**

Date(s) of activity

**Current**

Brief description of activity or material

**Info re Community Council on Housing, 6**

**E. 117th Street, NYC**

File where original is located if not attached

[redacted]

Remarks:

Informant's written report is not one with  
corrections in spelling and punctuation:

1 - [redacted]  
1 - ITZ 157-1258  
1 - NY 100-91911  
1 - ITZ 100-103904  
1 - ITZ 100-153735  
1 - NY 100-152910  
1 - NY 100-152801

(Inv) (43)

(JESSE GRAY) (46)

b6

[redacted] (47)

b7C

(CIRM) (42)

[redacted] (47)

(COMMUNITY COUNCIL ON HOUSING) (41)

HEL: [redacted]  
(7)

Block Stamp

100-153735-602

*Section*  
*Ch*  
*Section*  
[redacted]

NY 100-

\*\*\*\* Community Council on Housing  
6 East 117th St. - N.Y. N.Y.

JESSE GRAY - Director

[ ] - Organizer

b6  
b7C

This organization was originally started to help tenants in slum areas. The group was to take action on complaints from tenants against the landlords, on such charges as no hot water, poor conditions of buildings, rats, roaches and other complaints.

At first the organization did this but gradually it became involved in political fights and creating racial disturbances. The group's main targets appear to be the City government with Mayor Wagner, Police Commissioner MURPHY and Police Department being the main targets, with the F.B.I. thrown in now and then for good measure.

JESSE GRAY has asked the public not to cooperate with any branch of the law-enforcement agencies and has caused some unrest in the Harlem area.

GRAY is believed to receive some support from the Communist Party, to what degree it is unknown.

[ ] his organizer may have been a member of the Communist Party. He talks of how many technical jobs in radio he's been barred from, but will not give any details other than he was outspoken. A person known as [ ] appears to be next in command behind JESSE GRAY. I feel this person may be the dupe for the organization.

b6  
b7C

\* This group should be rated high as a dangerous organization in the community capable of creating a disturbance at any given time.

UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

# Memorandum

TO : SAC, New York (100-153735)

DATE: 11/16/64

✓ FROM : Director, FBI (100-442529)

SUBJECT: CIRM

Reurairtel and letterhead memorandum both dated 11/10/64.

Reference is made in paragraph one, page one, to the fact that Martin Luther King, Jr., was pleased in getting one [redacted] (phonetic) to handle a matter pertaining to the welcoming back to New York City of King after he receives the Nobel Peace Prize. From a review of your files and established sources available, attempt to identify [redacted] (phonetic) and advise the Bureau.

b6  
b7c

On page two there is reported a discussion between Harry Wachtel and Bayard Rustin wherein reference is made to the fact that Wachtel had told King that he has "my resignation in your pocket." This reference came up in a discussion concerning the possibility of Wachtel accompanying King to Oslo, Norway. It is also reported that Wachtel's presence might cause King some embarrassment and thus cause King to accept the resignation. The Bureau recognizes that the nature of the source of this information is such that it may be difficult to determine the exact meaning of the information. However, the Bureau would welcome any explanation or further information your Office may have which would explain the conversation concerning a possible Wachtel resignation and possible embarrassment to King.

100-153735-603

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FBI - NEW YORK	

*Heaton*



11/17/64

Date received <b>10/29/64</b>	Received from (name or symbol number) [redacted]	Received by <b>SA</b> [redacted]	b6 b7C b7D
----------------------------------	---	-------------------------------------	------------------

Method of delivery (check appropriate blocks)

☒ in person    ☐ by telephone    ☐ by mail    ☐ orally    ☐ recording device    ☒ written by Informant

If orally furnished and reduced to writing by Agent:

Date

Dictated \_\_\_\_\_ to \_\_\_\_\_

Transcribed \_\_\_\_\_

Authenticated  
by Informant \_\_\_\_\_

Date of Report

**10/25/64**

Date(s) of activity

**10/25/64**

Brief description of activity or material

**Written report concerning racial demonstration**

**at Union Square on 10/25/64, called an**

**anti-GOLDWATER rally.**

File where original is located if not attached

[redacted]

Remarks:

In addition to the information set forth in attached written report,  
[redacted] furnished the following information orally pertaining to  
the above rally on 10/25/64: b7D

The rally was sponsored by the United Committee for an Anti-GOLDWATER Rally, and among the participating organizations were the National Association for the Advancement of Colored People, various New York City chapters and college chapters of the Congress of Racial Equality and the W.E.B. Du Bois Clubs.

- 1- [redacted] (INV) (42)
- 1-157-892 (Racial Situation, NYD) (42)
- 1-100-95014 [redacted] (45)
- 1-100-150735 (MFY) (41)
- 1-100-146684 (WSP) (41)
- 1-100- [redacted]
- 1-100-139647 (MCOH) (41)
- 1-100-102287 [redacted] (47)
- 1-157-1223 (CORE) (42)
- 1-100-153735 (CIRM) (42)
- 1-100- [redacted] (43)
- 1-100- [redacted] (43)
- 1-100-151987 (DU BOIS CLUBS) (42)

b6  
b7C

ECS:ckm  
(13)

Block Stamp

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*[Handwritten signatures and initials]*

#42

Date: October 25, 1964

Sponsorship of this meeting was by a very diversified group. The main 'operators' appeared to be the students from City College. However, they could be seen consulting with much older and more experienced organizers during the meeting. The young man running the show made a number of phone calls before and during the meeting.

There were about 300 College and High School students present. They arrived in groups and left in groups. The crowd diminished a little after each speaker.

The program scheduled to start at 2:30 did not begin until 2:45. A young man with a guitar lead group singing. Mostly "Freedom Songs" were sung. This lasted for about 40 minutes.

The first speaker was [REDACTED]  
'Leader in the Puerto Rican Community'.

b6  
b7C

The general theme of his talk was in support of President JOHNSON, and denouncing Senator GOLDWATER. He called for better schools for Negro & Puerto Rican children. Urged more public housing. He was critical of Mayor WAGNER and politics in general at City Hall. He denounced the Facist Movement in America, which he said is headed by GOLDWATER and his crowd.

He praised the work of MFY, and denounced the invistigation of the group, saying that the typical communist tag and investigation for communist in the group, was just another means of putting them out of business because they were doing the job that many other agencies could not do, simply because they were not reaching the people.

He was the most effective and emotional speaker.

[redacted] ---C.C.N.Y. Student Gove. [redacted] -Saind he represented himself, and not the students of City College. His pitch was defeat of GOLDWATER--support of President JOHNSON. His main theme was no tuition at City University, and urged the defeat of the senators and representatives who voted for the payment of tuition by students.

[redacted] "Women Strike for Peace" Sopke against the Atomic Bomb. Urged the election of President JOHNSON and the defeat of GOLDWATER whom she said would wipe us all off the face of the earth. She urged that the war in South-East Asia be terminated and peace be negotiated.

b6  
b7C

[redacted] --Metropolitan Council on Housing was the next speaker. He also urged the defeat of GOLDWATER and the election of President JOHNSON. He said that there was a great need for more public housing.

[redacted] --East River CORE, was the Chairman. He spoke briefly and introduced the speakers.

A collection was taken up from selected persons in a very quiet manner. Many of the groups came armed with signs and placards typical of college kids. The meeting had a rather mature structure--seemingly beyond college student planning.



DECLASSIFICATION AUTHORITY DERIVED FROM:  
FBI AUTOMATIC DECLASSIFICATION GUIDE  
DATE 11-14-2011

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

~~SECRET~~  
FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

In Reply, Please Refer to  
File No.

Bu 100-442529

New York, New York  
November 17, 1964

~~ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED HEREIN  
IS UNCLASSIFIED EXCEPT WHERE  
SHOWN OTHERWISE.~~

Re: Communist Influence in  
Racial Matters  
Internal Security - C

A confidential source, who has furnished reliable information in the past, furnished information on November 16, 1964, revealing that [redacted] (phonetic) of the Teamsters Union in Washington, D.C., was in contact with Bayard Rustin (Organizer of the March on Washington) on that date. [redacted] according to the source, sought Rustin's support in behalf of [redacted] (phonetic) who is trying to secure a position with the "Equal Employment Opportunities Commission." [redacted] said [redacted] is presently employed as Associate Executive Secretary of the National Labor Relations Board. Furthermore, he said [redacted] is a career civil servant with good labor acceptance by the American Federation of Labor - Congress of Industrial Organizations (AFL-CIO), but said he needed more backing from the civil rights movement. In light of that need, [redacted] requested that Rustin ask Martin Luther King (President of the Southern Christian Leadership Conference (SCLC)) and A. Philip Randolph (President of the Brotherhood of Sleeping Car Porters, AFL-CIO) to write letters to President Johnson recommending Cleeb for the position which he is seeking. Rustin said he would do what he could, cautioning, however, that it would be difficult to help him if neither King nor Randolph knew Cleeb.

b6  
b7C

This document contains neither recommendations nor conclusions of the FBI. It is the property of the FBI and is loaned to your agency; it and its contents are not to be distributed outside your agency.

CLASS. BY *Sp/Jan 8/87*  
DATE OF REVIEW OADR

~~SECRET~~  
Group I  
Excluded from automatic  
downgrading and  
declassification

Searched  
Serialized  
Filed

100-153735-605

~~SECRET~~

~~SECRET~~

~~SECRET~~

Re: Communist Influence in  
Racial Matters  
Internal Security - C

On November 16, 1964, the source advised that Rustin and [redacted] (Assistant to King) were in conference on that date. Their contact, the source said, was to permit Rustin to relate to King through Young the results of his trip to London, England, on November 12, 1964, to make preparations for King's visit in December, 1964. Rustin said Prime Minister Wilson will be in New York City on the same day that King will be in New York (on December 3, 1964, permitting a meeting between them). Rustin said he (the Prime Minister) had desired that King go to London earlier but knew that he could not make it in view of his (King's) earlier commitments.

b6  
b7C

Rustin, in enumerating the commitments of King in London, listed the following:

On Sunday, December 6, 1964, will preach in St. Paul's Cathedral; on Monday, December 7, will attend a mass meeting in one of the large halls in London to raise money to be divided between King's work in the South and the work being done in South Africa; will also meet with the Archbishop of Canterbury on Monday, December 7, and with the Chief Rabbi of Great Britain, and at 4:30 p.m., on the same date, he will meet with Cabinet members and with members of the House of Lords.

Rustin told [redacted] he thought there would be tremendous enthusiasm about King's visit, and said preparations over there were in very capable hands. He said he had completed a first draft on things he thought King should include (in his remarks) therefore, wanted to send it to King right away. [redacted] told him he could send it (the draft) by air - mail, Special Delivery, to [redacted] (a Miami attorney who counsels King) at [redacted] [redacted] who in turn, could deliver it to King.

b6  
b7C

~~SECRET~~

-2-  
~~SECRET~~

~~SECRET~~

~~SECRET~~

Re: Communist Influence in  
Racial Matters  
Internal Security - C

According to the source, [ ] said he had talked with Harry (Wachtel) on Saturday, November 14, 1964, and had considered the possibility of getting the President (President Johnson) to commit himself so that "we" can have the reception in honor of King. Rustin said he would try to contact Wachtel regarding the matter.

b6  
b7C

Rustin said with regard to the banquet in King's honor to be given on December 4, 1964, by United Nations Secretary U. Thant, that it would be restricted to 18 people.

The source advised on November 16, 1964, that Rustin and Harry Wachtel were in touch on that date, during which time Rustin furnished a tentative schedule of King's trip to London, England. According to the source, the schedule was the same as furnished by Rustin to [ ] except for an additional commitment, namely, a reception at the United States Mission to the United Nations, December 4, 1964, given by Ambassador Adlai Stevenson.

b6  
b7C

On November 16, 1964, according to the same source, Rustin, Martin Luther King and [ ] were in contact. Rustin took the opportunity to inform them that United Nations Ambassador Stevenson desired to give a reception for King on the night of December 4, 1964. He said the tentative time for the affair is between the hours of 6:00 p.m. and 8:00 p.m. King said this would be suitable to him.

King said that after having learned of his schedule of events in London, that he preferred to curtail some of his activities so that he will not be worn out when he arrives in Oslo, Norway. Rustin advised him to adhere to his commitment with the Archbishop of Canterbury since he met with the Pope a short time ago.

-3-

~~SECRET~~

~~SECRET~~

F B I

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

Date: 11/17/64

Transmit the following in \_\_\_\_\_  
(Type in plain text or code)

Via <sup>OK</sup> AIRTEL \_\_\_\_\_  
(Priority or Method of Mailing)

TO : DIRECTOR, FBI (100-442529)

FROM : SAC, NEW YORK (100-153735)

SUBJECT: CIRM  
IS-C

DECLASSIFICATION OF

Enclosed are seven copies of a letterhead memorandum, captioned and dated as above.

The source who furnished the information in the letterhead memorandum was NY 4212-S\*, a source close to BAYARD RUSTIN.

The sources who characterized BAYARD RUSTIN were NY 2359-S\* and NY 4212-S\*.

characterized BENJAMIN J. DAVIS

b7D

- 5-Bureau (100-442529) (Encl. 7) (RM)
  - (1-100-106670) (MARTIN LUTHER KING, JR.)
  - (1-100-158790) (BAYARD RUSTIN)
- 2-Atlanta (100-6670) (CIRM) (Encl. 2) (RM) CLASS. BY *[Signature]*
  - (1-100-5586) (MARTIN LUTHER KING, JR.)
- 1-New York (100-467290) (BAYARD RUSTIN) (42) OF REVIEW OADR
- 1-New York (100-136585) (MARTIN LUTHER KING, JR.)
- 1-New York (100-148289) (HARRY WACHTEL)
- 1-New York (100-153735) (42)

JMK:rmv  
(12)

~~ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED HEREIN  
IS UNCLASSIFIED EXCEPT WHERE  
SHOWN OTHERWISE.~~

Approved: \_\_\_\_\_  
Special Agent in Charge

Sent \_\_\_\_\_

100-153735-606

SEARCHED	INDEXED
SERIALIZED	FILED
NOV 17 1964	
FBI - NEW YORK	

*[Signature]*

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

NY 100-153735

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

The sources who furnished the characterization of HARRY WACHTEL were:

1. Anonymous source of WFO, set out in the report of SA JOHN J. WALSH, 2/19/50, at WFO, re: "NLG; IS-C."

2. [NY 1190-S\*] (X)

Files of the NYO were reviewed for the names [redacted] (ph) and [redacted] but did not furnish identifiable information.

b6  
b7C

This letterhead memorandum has been classified "Secret" because it contains information from NY 4212-S\*, a source who has furnished highly sensitive information with respect to the racial situation in the New York area and the Communist infiltration thereof. In light of this, the classification is used.

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~



FBI

Date: 11/17/64

Transmit the following in PLAIN TEXT  
(Type in plain text or code)

Via AIRTEL REGISTERED MAIL  
(Priority or Method of Mailing)

TO: DIRECTOR, FBI (100-442529)  
(100-437041)

FROM: SAC, NEW YORK (100-153735)  
(100-147372)

SUBJECT: CIRM;  
PROGRESSIVE LABOR MOVEMENT  
IS-PLM

On 11/12/64, NY 4569-S\* (reliable protect), advised that [redacted] was in contact with [redacted] (LNU) and asked for [redacted] or [redacted] (LNU). [redacted] advised that he had just arrived from Mississippi and would be in NYC, for two weeks and further that he wanted to stay in the back room at [redacted] place. b6 b7C

[redacted] advised that [redacted] and [redacted] had gone to Cambridge, Mass. to give lectures and would be gone two weeks.

NY 4569-S\* further advised on 11/12/64, that [redacted] of Negro Affairs in NYC, had contacted [redacted] (LNU) at the office of "Challenge" the PLM weekly newspaper. During the conversation, [redacted] told [redacted] (probably [redacted]). b6 b7C

(1-100- HOWARD SCHULMAN)  
3-Jackson (100-PLM) (RM)  
1-Boston (100-35192) (SCTC) (INFO) (RM)  
1-New York (105-50241) (HOWARD SCHULMAN)  
1-New York (157-1167) (COB)  
1-New York (100-150205) (SCTC)  
1-New York (100-153735) (CIRM)  
1-New York (100-147372)

JWR:bhg  
(15) *pel*

100-153735-607

SEARCHED .....	INDEXED .....
SERIALIZED .....	FILED .....
NOV 18 1964	
FBI - NEW YORK	

*[Signature]*

Approved: \_\_\_\_\_ Sent \_\_\_\_\_ M Per \_\_\_\_\_  
Special Agent in Charge

NY 100-147372

to have twelve copies of "Challenge" sent every week to the Council of Federated Organizations (COFO), 1212 17th St. North, Columbus, Miss. [ ] further stated that a "guy" from down there, had just come to NYC, and had told [ ] that if we sent "Challenge" down, they would distribute it.

It is noted that [ ] is a SI subject of the NYO and NY will verify his residence in NYC.

b6  
b7C

UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT  
MEMORANDUM

TO : SAC (100-4931)

DATE: 11/17/64

FROM : SA JOHN F. LANGTRY (#42)

SUBJECT: CP, USA

On October 21, 1964, at 9:15 p.m. and on October 23, 1964, at 9:30 a.m. on the radio program entitled "Last Minute" over the radio station WBAT-FM a taped interview was held by [redacted] with [redacted] and [redacted]

[redacted] This program was entitled "The Many Sided Left" and each individual was interviewed separately by [redacted]

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[redacted] who was introduced as a member of the Progressive Labor Movement (PLM) stated that this organization was a revolutionary socialist organization that bases its ideas and activities on the science of Marxism and Leninism. It is the only socialist society through which the people can achieve their needs and desires both in an economic and cultural sense. PLM has been in existence for

1-100-118174 [redacted] (#44)  
1-100-147372 (PROGRESSIVE LABOR MOVEMENT) (#44)  
1- [redacted] (#44)  
1-100-4013 (SWP) (#44)  
1-100-27452 [redacted] (#42)  
1-100-26603 (CP, USA, NYC) (#42)  
1-100-79717 (CP, USA POLITICAL ACTIVITY) (#42)  
1-100-89590 (CP, USA, STRATEGY AND INDEPENDENCE) (#42)  
1-100-89691 (CP, USA DEM ADM) (#42)  
1-100-80638 (CP, USA MEMBERSHIP) (#42)  
1-100-86624 (CP, USA INTERNAL RELATIONS)  
1-100-138651 [redacted]  
1-100-79498 (CP, USA VETERANS MATTERS)  
1-100-80644 (CP, USA YOUTH MATTERS)  
1-100-153735 (CIRM) (#42)

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b7c

JFL:ms  
(16)

*[Handwritten signature]*

100-153735-608

SEARCHED.....	INDEXED.....
SERIALIZED.....	FILED.....
NOV 17 1964	
FBI - NEW YORK	

*[Handwritten signature]*

NY 100-4931

3 years and has been doing the best it can to combat the wholesale assault on the economic conditions of the American workers and to combat the recent racial oppression against the Negro people and to fight the ever growing danger of war from the KENNEDY JOHNSON Administration. 1

According to [ ] PLM is working to build a broad anti-Fascist movement in the US that can successfully defeat the attack against the American people and lay the basis of a powerful socialist revolutionary movement in this country. b6 b7C

[ ] listed what he considered to be the differences between PLM and the CP by saying that the CP is no longer a Marxist-Leninist organization. He charged that it was essentially an appendature of the reform Democratic movement in the sense it has no independent line and it no longer in any degree of consistency advocates openly socialism. In election period after election period he charged, the CP trails after the Democratic Party and supports the MEANY-REUTHER leadership in the labor movement and in short, tends to obscure the role American imperialism plays on the world scene. The role that the American imperialism plays on the world scene is a counter revolutionary role and therefore, the CP has degenerated into a small isolated sect and no longer has any influence among the people.

On the other hand, PLM has a consistent militant position on the foreign policy of the US ruling class and its government in Washington, D.C. It openly advocates socialism and defends the right to revolution and militantly fights for fundamental changes within the country which effects the working people of "our" country.

[ ] stated that in view of the Sino-Soviet ideological dispute that PLM being a Marxist-Leninist Movement attempts to develop the science of Marxism-Leninism in accordance with the conditions of "our" country. b6 b7C

NY 100-4931

However, the line that Marxism-Leninism is an international science and is applicable to the development of the workers movement all over the world, it is "in our opinion" that the Chinese Communist Party is following the correct Marxist-Leninist path.

In reply to a question whether PLM descriminated in anyway between the candidacy of President JOHNSON and Senator GOLDWATER [ ] statd "in our opinion" the American working people and the people generally in the country have no stake in the outcome of this election. According to him both candidates represent unbridled action and follow policies advocating programs that are contrary to the interest of the American people. He stated that the KENNEDY JOHNSON Administration has been the most ruthless administration that the American people had had to suffer with since the 2 party system had developed. They have consistently pursued a policy of counter revolution abroad and consistently pursued a policy of severe oppression against the people at home. [ ] stated that if you look any place in the world where the people are fighting to improve their living and working conditions you will find the KENNEDY JOHNSON Administration acting to subvert them and to destroy them through means of force and violence.

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[ ] in this interview stated that since PLM'S conception they have suffered constant harassment by other agencies of the government because the government fears the ideas of revolutionary socialism and fears to let these ideas contend among the people of the country. He mentioned that members of the PLM have been subpoenaed before the Senate Internal Security Committee and the House Un-American Activities Committee and they have been subjected to surveillances of various types.

NY 100-4931

In response to the question of where PLM obtains funds [ ] stated that PLM is a mass organization and it has many members and sympathizers who support and respect the work of the movement and this is essentially where the funds come from. He estimated that PLM has 1100 members in the US with 300 of them in NYC.

In this interview [ ] also stated that the government is concerned with PLM and has been trying to smash it and reduce the number of members in its organization. He stated that one [ ] is under indictment and described [ ] as "one of our leaders of our movement the Chairman of our Harlem Branch."

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[ ] stated that he believed that PLM would continue to expand in the future because the policies that the organization is pursuing in regards to the needs and aspirations of the people of the US are sound. He stated that the people's needs cannot be satisfied under the present system which is capitalism. Instead, the conditions are worsening. At this time he criticized Mayor WAGNER in regards to the conditions in NYC regarding unemployment, wages, schools and hospitals. WAGNER he stated is not a friend of the working man, his record on this bears him out. Rather, he is an employee of the big monopolies in NYC. He works for them and not for the people of NYC.

Following [ ] then interviewed [ ] who was described as the senatorial candidate of the Socialist Workers Party(SWP) in NY. He asked [ ] to describe the SWP's ideology.

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[ ] stated that the SWP's ideology is based on the fact that "we" believe that the working class in the minority people must take their own fate in their own

NY 100-4931

hands and remake society that it serves their interest and purpose. According to [ ] the SWP feels that these people need a party to help them carry out their fate and therefore, the SWP is organizing and building such a party. It is a Marxist party build on the idea that there is a class struggle and that the workers will need leadership that can orient them toward establishing a workers party.

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In distinguishing the SWP from the CP [ ] stated that the CP has a policy of supporting the Democratic Party as they feel they can reform the Democratic Party and thus by reforming it they can reform the capitalistic society. On the other hand the SWP feels that they have to oppose the party of big business and to raise the banner so to speak of the independent class political action, and in this election the SWP is running a campaign.

In regard to the number of members that are in the SWP [ ] stated that "we usually don't mention that," however, he did state that in the last election campaign in NY State the SWP had received 40,000 votes.

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In regard to the position the SWP has taken on the Sino-Soviet dispute [ ] stated that his party feels that there is right and wrong on both sides. He stated that the SWP feels the Chinese are correct when they criticize the Soviet leadership for being reactionary and for not representing the interests of their own people at home or the interests of the colonial people who are fighting for national liberation. However, the SWP disagrees with the Chinese when they feel they can or should turn back to STALIN and that they oppose the Democratic concessions that have been granted by KHRUSHCHEV'S leadership in Russia to the Soviet masses.

The third person to be interviewed by [ ] was [ ] who he introduced as a member of the CP who has been both a war hero by winning the Distinguished Service Cross for extraordinary heroism in the South Pacific Theater of World War II and a convicted

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NY 100-4931

violator of the Smith Act having served a 5 year sentence in Federal Prison for this. [ ] made the statement that [ ] had been granted total disability pension for wounds suffered in the course of World War II but that the Veteran's Administration had revoked this pension because of speeches [ ] had made during the Korean War. He mentioned that [ ] is presently litigating to have his pension rights restored.

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[ ] was asked what the CP is currently doing today. He replied that the central activity of the CP is around the current elections and that "my party" considers this the most important election to the American people since the ROOSEVELT period. It is important because the GOLDWATER candidacy and the forces behind him pose for the first time in a serious way a fascist threat to this country. [ ] also stated that the CP does not endorse President JOHNSON but in fact there are sharp differences existing in life between what JOHNSON represents and GOLDWATER represents that do not arise from any special merits of JOHNSON but rather because of the very grave threat to Democracy and to the world peace that GOLDWATER represents. He pointed out that the CP is critical of JOHNSON'S administration particularly in South Vietnam.

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In describing why the Party did not run any candidates in this election [ ] stated that it is not a decision or desire on "our part" of not running candidates but it is not done because of repressive legislation such as the McCarran Act and numerous State laws that hinder in many instances and virtually make impossible for any but the 2 major parties to field candidates with any meaning. He stated that the CP hopes for the repeal of this repressive legislation as early as possible and that when this occurs the Party will

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NY 100-4931

run candidates as they have done on numerous occasions in the past. [ ] was asked what the CP sees in American society today and he replied that "we" first have a very deep confidence in the strength of the labor movement of the democratic organizations of the Negro Civil Rights movement and the party has a very great confidence despite the desires and intentions of those elements in our society that want to abandon Democratic procedures and would like to rush headlong into war despite the dangers that they pose. There is and will be realized a Democratic and peaceful path forward for the US. "We" are sure that some point in this path there will be a reorganization of the social system along socialist lines.

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[ ] mentioned that there are 50 of the leading CP figures being prosecuted under the McCarran Act. There are numerous other harassments effecting the party's political rights, employment and membership. However, he stated that this persecution did not hurt the party as much as they hurt the whole fabric of "our society" and as much as they poison the Democratic atmosphere of the country.

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In regards to the Sino-Soviet dispute, [ ] stated that the Soviet Union is pursuing a very active foreign policy the most basic feature of which is to foster and promote an atmosphere of peace in the world, and a situation of peaceful co-existence. Unfortunately, the Chinese party leadership does not have the same understanding and grasp of the central features of the world situation and therefore are not pursuing that kind of policy. This is regrettable but "I" am sure the fundamental interests of the Chinese people will exert themselves and the Chinese-Soviet conflicts to the extent that they exist will be eliminated.

NY 100-4931

In response to the question does the Party have any influence left within the trade union movement or within various minority groups in America in comparison to what the Party had in 1930, [ ] stated that numerically of course as a result of the persecution and other means of the MC CARTHY period the Party is at a low ebb. He stated that the Party does not have any public membership lists or anything of that kind but its membership is in the neighborhood of 10,000 members. Its main base of influence is in the trade unions and the Negro peoples organizations. "We" do not have what can be called leadership of any sector of the labor movement but our people are active in it.

[ ] denounced PLM by stating that it is essentially in most respects a continuation of the Trostyite movement. It does not have any real relationship to scientific socialism and in fact in the main its activities are sort of radical petty bourgeois in nature and they play a very provocative role in a number of situations.

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[ ] stated that the Party is very happy that they have some very "fiery" young people in the process who are joining and helping to take over the leadership of the CP and therefore the Party is not disappearing from the American scene. In fact, the growth of the struggle and influence of the labor movement and the progressive trend of the labor movement the CP will have a bright future ahead of it.

[ ] defended the Party and stated that it is not fading away and stated that it is not a bleak outlook for the Party in the US because (1) the fight for peace is in the process of being won and that although it will take time it is being won (2) fear from slipping backward in a reactionary direction the winning of certain civil rights demands, the heroic struggle being waged in the South for the right to vote for the Negro people that all of these

NY 100-4931

things will work very well in the future for the CP.

"Our" Party will grow and advance as the American working classes advance as the struggle for Democracy in our country advances. He also mentioned that the Party is very happy in getting its viewpoint before college groups. He said that within the past 2 or 3 years by invitation Communist speakers have spoken directly to over 100,000 students in college campuses.

He stated that because of the basic soundness of the CP policies in the current election the Party will play a larger part in the American life in the future. He then urged everyone listening to him to read the pamphlet put out by GUS HALL whom he described as the leading spokesman of our Party in this country analyzing the political situation in the country today.

File-Serial Charge Out  
FD-5 (Rev. 6-17-70)

048-16-83475-1 GPO

File 100-153735-609 Date 4/29/77

Class ☐ Pending ☒ Closed

Serial No. \_\_\_\_\_ Description of Serial \_\_\_\_\_ Date Charged \_\_\_\_\_

Serial sent to Bureau, per Bu-  
airtel to NY, dtd. 4/12/77,  
titled: Bernard S. Lee v.  
Clarence M. Kelley, et. al.  
BuFile 62-117194

Employee \_\_\_\_\_

RECHARGE

Date \_\_\_\_\_

To \_\_\_\_\_

From \_\_\_\_\_

Initials of Clerk {

\_\_\_\_\_  
\_\_\_\_\_  
\_\_\_\_\_

Date {

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\_\_\_\_\_  
\_\_\_\_\_

Date Charged: \_\_\_\_\_

Employee \_\_\_\_\_

Location \_\_\_\_\_

File-Serial Charge-Out  
FD-5 (Rev. 6-17-70)

048-16-83475-1 GPO.

File 100-153735-610 Date 4/29/77  
Class ☐ Pending ☒ Closed  
Case No. Last Serial  
Serial No. Description of Serial Date Charged  
Serial sent to Bureau, per Bu-  
amtel to NY, dtd. 4/12/77.  
titled: Bernard S. Lee v.  
Clarence M. Kelley, et. al.  
BuFile 62-117194d  
Employee

RECHARGE

Date: \_\_\_\_\_

To: \_\_\_\_\_ From: \_\_\_\_\_

Initials of Clerk

\_\_\_\_\_  
\_\_\_\_\_  
\_\_\_\_\_

Date

\_\_\_\_\_  
\_\_\_\_\_  
\_\_\_\_\_

Date Charged

Employee

Location

UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

DECLASSIFICATION AUTHORITY DERIVED FROM:  
FBI AUTOMATIC DECLASSIFICATION GUIDE  
DATE 11-14-2011

# Memorandum

TO : SAC, New York (100-153735)

DATE: 11/18/64

FROM : Director, FBI (100-442529)

SUBJECT: CIRM

ReBAairtel 11/10/64, copies to recipients instant communication, "CPUSA, Organization, IS - C" which enclosed a letterhead memorandum of same date captioned "CPUSA, National Negro Commission Meeting." ~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

It was reported that at a 11/7/64 meeting of the Party's National Negro Commission, Claude Lightfoot made reference to a forthcoming national conference of top Negro leaders scheduled to take place in Washington, D. C., during January, 1965. Lightfoot told the meeting that Party members should attend this conference and he directed certain Party functionaries concerning the numbers of Party people who should go to the conference from Maryland; the southern part of the U. S.; Philadelphia, Pennsylvania; Detroit, Michigan; Chicago, Illinois; and Boston, Massachusetts. ~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

CLASSIFIED AND  
EXTENDED BY *6/8/88*  
REASON FOR EXTENSION

FCIM, II, 1-2.4.2  
DATE OF REVIEW FOR  
DECLASSIFICATION

The foregoing report is similar to one previously received by the Bureau on 10/21/64 from a Chicago source who advised that on 10/20/64 Lightfoot met with Henry Winston and two other Party members in Chicago. They discussed the Party's participation in the forthcoming conference. This information was furnished to Chicago, New York and WFO by Bulet 11/5/64 "CIRM."

Recipients should make every possible effort to identify all Party people who intend to attend the conference scheduled for Washington, D. C., in January, 1965, and determine the roles they plan to play. Consideration should be given to the designating of certain informants who might be able to attend as Party members so that the necessary coverage may be effected concerning Party's attempts at influencing the conference. Keep the Bureau promptly advised of all pertinent developments.

- 2 - Baltimore (100-23443)
- 2 - Boston (100-35427)
- 2 - Chicago (100-41324)
- 2 - Detroit (100-32457)
- 2 - Philadelphia (100-47672)
- 2 - WFO (100-43710)

Does [redacted] have any info?  
following [redacted] as well  
matter [redacted] furnish info.  
[redacted] info.

b7D

100-153735-611

SEARCHED	INDEXED
SERIALIZED	FILED
NOV 18 1964	
NEW YORK	

*[Handwritten signatures and initials over stamp]*

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

SAC, NEWARK

11/18/64

SAC, NEW YORK (100-93572)(41)

"THE NATIONAL GUARDIAN"  
IS-C

Identity of Source: [redacted] who has furnished  
reliable information in the  
past (Conceal).

Description of info: Panel of editors presidium b7D  
sponsored by the "National  
Guardian", 10/28/64.

Date Received: 11/3/64

Original Located: [redacted]

A copy of informant's report follows:

2 - Newark (RM)

(1 - 100- ) (M.S. ARNONI)  
(1 - 100- ) (DAVID DELLINGER)  
1 - New York [redacted] (Inv.) ( [redacted] ) (47)  
1 - New York (100-143654) [redacted] (3)  
1 - New York (100-84588) [redacted] (44)  
1 - New York (65-15773) [redacted]  
1 - New York (100-56) (MIKE DAVIDOW) (42)  
1 - New York (100-126741) [redacted] (4)  
1 - New York (100-103390) [redacted] (46)  
1 - New York (100-90750) (RUSS NIXON) (41)  
1 - New York (157-892) (RACIAL MATTERS, NYD) (42)  
1 - New York (100-153735) (CIRM) (42)  
1 - New York (100-93572) (41)

b6  
b7C  
b7D

ROJ:tml  
(13)

100-153735-612

SEARCHED .....	INDEXED .....
SERIALIZED .....	FILED .....
NOV 18 1964	
FBI - NEW YORK	

*[Handwritten signature]*

10/31/64

On October 28th, 1964 at the Henry Hudson Hotel, 57th St. and 9th Avenue, New York, a panel of editors presided in the Grand Ballroom, sponsored by The National Guardian, a New York newspaper. The eight editors participating were as follows:



DAVIDOV



DELLINGER



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Minority of One  
Liberation  
The Militant  
The Far Left?  
The Worker  
Challenge  
The Liberator  
National Guardian

Moderator, RUSS NIXON of The National Guardian.  
Topic: "The Presidential Election and Beyond"

RUSS NIXON opened the discussion and introduced the 8 panel members who each spoke for five minutes on this topic starting with Mr. [redacted] and ending with Mr. [redacted]. The Question period then began and participation of audience was invited. Each panel member was permitted to ask one question of a fellow panelist and receive a 3 minute reply. Audience questions were collected and deposited with Mr. NIXON who distributed them to the panel members. Panel questioning being complete, - audience questions were read and answered by the panel member to whom it was addressed. There was a difference of opinion among panelists as to the question of voting for "the lesser of two evils" (JOHNSON), for the Socialist candidate [redacted] or refraining from voting at all on November 3rd. [redacted] of The Worker, was subbing for Mr. [redacted] who was ill, and was roundly booed and hissed by the audience on his endorsement of President JOHNSON. [redacted] was also hissed and booed for rejection of white supporters and white assistance to the Civil Rights cause and became embroiled with the editor of "Challenge" Mr. [redacted] when [redacted] implied [redacted] was attempting to speak for the Harlem Negro and take over the Civil Rights movement. There was a better than capacity audience, about 600 to 700 people attending with many standees, no empty seats in the Henry Hudson Hotel Ballroom. The meeting adjourned shortly after 11 P.M. upon reply to the last question of the audience, only one being allowed to each panel member because of shortage of time.

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**File-Serial Charge Out**

FD-5 (Rev. 6-17-70)

648-16-83475-1 GPO

File 100 153735 Date 5/5/77  
 Class Case No. Last Serial

☐ Pending ☐ Closed

Serial No. Description of Serial Date Charged

613-614 Serial sent to Bureau, per  
615-616 Buairtel to NY, dtd. 4/12/77,  
 titled; Bernard S. Lee v.  
 Clarence M. Kelley, et. al.  
 BuFile 62-117194d

Section #23

Employee

**RECHARGE**

Date

To From

Initials of Clerk { } Date { }

Date Charged

Employee

Location

TO : SAC, NEW YORK (100-4013)  
FROM : SA [REDACTED] (# 43)  
SUBJECT: SOCIALIST WORKERS PARTY  
IS - SWP

DATE: 11/18/64

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b7C  
b7D

Date received 11/6/64	Received from (name or symbol number) [REDACTED]	Received by SA [REDACTED]
--------------------------	---	------------------------------

Method of delivery (check appropriate blocks)

☒ in person ☐ by telephone ☐ by mail ☐ orally ☐ recording device ☒ written by Informant

If orally furnished and reduced to writing by Agent:

Date

Dictated \_\_\_\_\_ to \_\_\_\_\_

Transcribed \_\_\_\_\_

Authenticated  
by Informant \_\_\_\_\_

Date of Report

10/31/64

Date(s) of activity

10/31/64

Brief description of activity or material

(SWP) speech by FARRELL DOBBS held  
Woodstock Hotel, 127 West 43rd St., NYC.

File where original is located if not attached

[REDACTED]

Remarks:

1 [REDACTED]  
1 - NY 100-7388  
1 - NY 100-153735  
1 - NY 100-4013

(INV) (43)  
(FARRELL DOBBS) (44)  
(CIRM) (42)  
(44)

HPL:mje  
(4)

Block Stamp

100-153735-617  
✓  
#42  
O'Connell Jr

NY 100-4013

(Information furnished by informant, as reflected above, is set forth exactly as furnished, except for necessary corrections in spelling and punctuation.)

Goldwaterism:  
What it is and how to fight it

Woodstock Hotel  
127 W. 43rd St.

Speaker FARRELL DOBBS, leader of the historic Minneapolis teamsters strike, National Secretary of the Socialist Workers Party. This was the 2nd session of the Saturday meeting that got under way at 1:30 PM. There were about 200 people there. This meeting was held in the first floor ballroom. There were 3 photographers, one fellow with tape recording of entire speech.

DOBBS said that how do we know that former President IKE didn't have his JENKINS. DOBBS' comments were not favorable on GOLDWATER and not favorable for President JOHNSON. It appeared to be in his speech that he was endorsing the [redacted] and SWP of the Socialist Workers Party. He made a statement that he was in jail before.

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UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE  
FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

In Reply, Please Refer to  
File No.

BU 100-442529

New York, New York  
November 18, 1964

~~SECRET~~

Communist Influence in  
Racial Matters  
Internal Security - C

On November 17, 1964, a confidential source, who has furnished reliable information in the past, advised that Bayard Rustin (organizer of the March on Washington) was in contact with [redacted] of the United States Mission to the United Nations on that date. [redacted] said, "This thing (reception in honor of Martin Luther King to be given by United Nations Ambassador Adlai Stevenson, December 4, 1964) is really going to be a big deal because they have decided at a staff meeting that they will have Rusk (Secretary of State Dean Rusk) there (at the reception) as well as all the foreign ministers." [redacted] said that in view of that, he wanted some kind of paper in his hands so that he could give "them" the go ahead on it (the reception). He then asked Rustin to send him a telegram, prompting Rustin to advise that he would send a telegram in the name of Martin Luther King. According to the source, [redacted] and Rustin agreed that the telegram would contain the following:

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"Passing through. Sorry could not reach you. On way to Miami. I am deeply honored that Ambassador Stevenson and the U.S. Mission to the U.N. would like to give a reception in my honor on the evening of December 4, 1964, prior to my departure for Oslo to receive the Nobel Peace Prize. May I suggest that Bayard Rustin, my associate in New York, will work out the details of this as there are a few friends whom I would like to suggest. Will you express to Ambassador Stevenson my deep appreciation."

This document contains neither recommendations nor conclusions of the FBI. It is the property of the FBI and is loaned to your agency; it and its contents are not to be distributed outside your agency.

100-153735-618

~~SECRET~~

~~GROUP 1~~ Indexed  
~~Excluded from Automatic~~  
~~Downgrading and Declassification~~

~~SECRET~~

Communist Influence in  
Racial Matters

[ ] said he would make reservations for the King party to fly to London, England, on the night of December 4, 1964, following the reception. He said the reservations would have to be aboard a BOAC (British Overseas Airways Corporation) flight which leaves New York at 10:00 PM. Rustin, at [ ] request, said the following people would be in the party: King, [ ] (right hand man to King), Bernard Lee (personal Secretary to King), Reverend Ralph Abernathy (Treasurer of the Southern Christian Leadership Conference), and Dora (Dora Mc Donald, secretary at Southern Christian Leadership Conference headquarters, Atlanta, Georgia).

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Rustin said that Coretta King, the wife of Martin Luther King, Jr., would fly to London, England, on a different flight because they never travel together on the same plane.

- 2 -

~~SECRET~~

FBI

DATE: 11/18/64

Transmit the following in \_\_\_\_\_  
(Type in plain text or code)

Via <sup>OK</sup> AIRTEL \_\_\_\_\_

(Priority)

TO: DIRECTOR, FBI (100-442529)

FROM: SAC, NEW YORK (100-153735)

SUBJECT: CIRM  
IS - C

Enclosed are seven copies of a LHM, captioned and dated as above.

The information in the LHM was furnished by NY 4212-S\*.

The sources who characterized BAYARD RUSTIN were NY 2359-S\* and NY 4212-S\*.

BA 975-S\* characterized BENJAMIN J. DAVIS.

This LHM has been classified "~~Secret~~" because it contains information from NY 4212-S\*, a source who has furnished information of a highly sensitive nature regarding the racial situation in the New York area and the Communist infiltration thereof. In view of this, this classification is used.

- 5 - Bureau (Encls. 7) (RM)
  - (1 - 100-106670) (MARTIN LUTHER KING, JR.)
  - (1 - 100-158790) (BAYARD RUSTIN)
- 2 - Atlanta (100-6670) (CIRM) (Encls. 2) (RM)
  - (1 - 100-5586) (MARTIN LUTHER KING, JR.)
- ④ - New York (#42)
  - (1 - 100-46729) (BAYARD RUSTIN) (42)
  - (1 - 100-136585) (MARTIN LUTHER KING, JR.) (42)
  - (1 - 100-153735) (42)

JMK:hmc  
(13)

Approved: JMK  
Special Agent in Charge

Sent

M

100-153735-619


SEARCHED	INDEXED
SERIALIZED	FILED
NOV 18 1964	
FBI - NEW YORK	
Per <u>Corbett</u>	

November 18, 1964



b6  
b7C

Dear 

This is in reply to your letter of October 2, 1964, addressed to  Louisville, Kentucky.

I would like very much for you to contact me through a public telephone at this number LE 5-7700, extension 454.

Very truly yours,

John W. Robinson

JWR:mje  
(2) *fwk*

~~100-149379~~  
100-153758

Searched \_\_\_\_\_  
Serialized *K* \_\_\_\_\_  
Indexed *W* \_\_\_\_\_  
Filed \_\_\_\_\_

100-153735-620

*Xued*

UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT  
MEMORANDUM

TO: SAC, BOSTON

DATE: 11/19/64

FROM: SAC, NEW YORK (100-97078)

SUBJECT: SWP - NY LOCAL  
IS - SWP

3 - Boston (100- ) (RM)  
    (1 - 100- )  
    (1 - 100-442) (SWP) (RM)  
2 - Chicago (100- ) (RM)  
    (1 - 100-39837) (RM)  
1 - NY ( ) (INV) (44)  
1 - NY 100-153735 (CIRM) (42)  
1 - NY 100-93735 ( )  
1 - NY 100-93935 ( )  
1 - NY 100-111766 (44)  
1 - NY 105-60071 ( )  
1 - NY 100-74551 ( )  
1 - NY 100-84588 (GEORGE WEISSMAN) (44)  
1 - NY 100-88074 ( )  
1 - NY 100-147957 ( )  
1 - NY 105-56650 ( )  
1 - NY 100-142656 ( )  
1 - NY 105-45966 ( )  
1 - NY 100-152079 ( )  
1 - NY 100-152024 ( )  
1 - NY 100-152062 ( )  
1 - NY 100-151625 (44)  
1 - NY 100-148705 ( )  
1 - NY 100-145809 ( )  
1 - NY 100-153351 ( )  
1 - NY 100-153409 ( )  
1 - NY 100-153227 ( )  
1 - NY 100-153099 ( )  
1 - NY 100-146029 ( )  
1 - NY 100-150019 ( )  
1 - NY 100-132776 ( )  
1 - NY 100-117461 ( )  
1 - NY 100-99564 (BEN STONE) (44)  
1 - NY 100-135101 (44)  
1 - NY 100-146125 (44)  
1 - NY 100-147905 (44)  
1 - NY 100-140516 (44)  
1 - NY 100-140515 (44)

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100-153735-621

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Deaton

COPIES CONTINUED  
1 - NY 100-97078 (44)

AJG:bam  
(68)



NY 100-97078

COPIES CONTINUED

1 - NY 100-137403	[REDACTED]	(44)	
1 - NY 100-137560	PETER CAMEJO	(44)	
1 - NY 100-148205	[REDACTED]	4)	
1 - NY 100-153352	[REDACTED]	4)	
1 - NY 100-80679			b6
1 - NY 100-118388		(44)	b7C
1 - NY 100-118453		44)	
1 - NY 100-26400		)	
1 - NY 100-69167		)	
1 - NY 100-92522		)	
1 - NY 100-94358		4)	
1 - NY 100-112271	(JAMES KUTCHER)	(44)	
1 - NY 100-150533	[REDACTED]	(44)	
1 - NY 100-111294			b6
1 - NY 100-150169			b7C
1 - NY 100-133074		(44)	
1 - NY 100-131823		44)	
1 - NY 100-119289		4)	
1 - NY 100-133460			
1 - NY 100-133479	(YSA)	(44)	
1 - NY 100-108956	[REDACTED]	4)	
1 - NY 100-150628		(44)	
1 - NY 100-152371			b6
1 - NY 100-152575			b7C
1 - NY 100-154171			
1 - NY 100-153719	(AL GORDON)	(44)	
1 - NY 100-152971	[REDACTED]	44)	
1 - NY 100-145486	(JAMES SHABAZZ)	(43)	
1 - NY 105-8999	(MALCOLM X)	(43)	

NY 100-97078

Identity of Source: [redacted] who has furnished <sup>b7D</sup>  
reliable info in past (conceal)

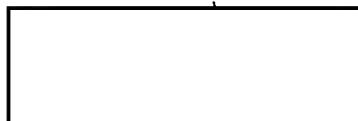
Description of Info: Membership Meeting NY Local,  
SWP, 10/23/64, 116 University  
Place, NYC

Date Received: 11/6/64

Received By: SA ARTHUR J. GREENE, JR.  
(written)

Original Location: [redacted] <sup>b7D</sup>

file: The following names will be indexed to captioned



b6  
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A copy of informant's written report follows:

NY 100-97078

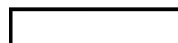
Report Written November 3, 1964

Close Membership Branch Meeting  
New York Local of the SWP  
116 University Place.  
New York City  
October 23, 1964, 8:00 p.m. - 11:00 p.m.

The following were present:



GEORGE WEISSMAN



BEN STONE



PETER CAMEJO



JIMMY KUTCHER



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NY 100-97078

Agenda

[ ] announced that the business meeting would be very short because of the "guest speaker" who was to give the Educational.

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I. Reading and adoption of minutes of prior meeting

II. Forum

A. Symposium Friday, October 24 on "Can US Policy Succeed in Vietnam?"

1. Panelists are:

a.  
b.  
c.

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III. Street Meetings

A. There will be a street meeting in Harlem, at 127th Street and 8th Avenue, at 2:00 p.m., Saturday, October 25.

1. There will be a "Branch mobilization" for this - everyone to meet at 1:00 p.m. at 116 University Place.

IV. Publicity for Campaign: [ ]

A. Schedule of radio and television appearances of [ ] and [ ] posted at 116 University Place.

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V. Youth Report: PETER CAMEJO

A. YSA not allowed to use halls at Columbia University and City College for De Berry and Shaw Election meetings.

B. YSA and "trailblazers" will paste up material (leaflets), Friday morning, October 24, in Harlem.

NY 100-97078

(Note: Add as 1 under A. of IV Publicity for Campaign: Members were urged to telephone questions to the Murray Burrell Program, on which [redacted] will appear, and told not to antagonize "Rightists" speakers but to throw questions to [redacted] so he can "get the SWP's program across".

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VI. Intermission and payment of dues

A. The following persons came in for the Educational:



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(Note: [redacted] announced during the meeting that "close sympathizers of the Party" had been invited to attend this particular Educational - these most likely mean [redacted] and [redacted].

VII. Educational: JAMES SHABAZZ

A. JAMES SHABAZZ's topic was "The Unique Character of the Black Man in America". Some of the statements he made are as follows:

1. "Many changes will be manifested in the next one and two years". (He said this in a cryptic tone of voice - more like a warning or augury of things to come).

2. Organization must be formed and work "in darkness underground".

3. The "printed word" (meaning there should be a secret publication) must be used to "educate Negroes". He proposed to "educate" the Negroes so they will know what they are fighting against and this is to be done via a "secret newspaper".

4. "Narcotics was brought into Harlem to keep Negroes nodding rather than doing positive things".

NY 100-97078

5. He stated that the existing government and "ower structure" must be done away with.

6. With reference to the existence of organizations that are against the present government, he stated: "The lord (meaning the US Government) will let an organization exist as long as it does not threaten the power structure".

7. When asked about whether MALCOLM X has changed since he has been away, SHABAZZ stated he feels MALCOLM has not changed his basic ideas and he has faith in MALCOLM's "integrity".

8. "I'm in favor of anything that's destructive to anything I'm not in favor of".

9. He criticized Negroes for trying to get into segregated schools where they will not be "educated", according to his concepts of education for Negroes (i.e., Negro history and culture) and which (segregated) schools they should be "bombing" instead.

10. He said that MALCOLM X's speeches are now being printed.

11. He said he (SHABAZZ) may be planning a trip and asked if there were anyone from the US Passport Department "in the audience. \_

12. He criticized Negroes for "cutting out" their own kind and said that if you gave a Negro a gun, he would shoot his own kind.

13. He stated that slavery emasculated the Negro male and gave the Negro woman power.

14. With reference to his own educational background in US schools, he said he feels he was "trained" but not "educated".

NY 100-97078

15. When he was asked if he had any suggestions to make to "us" (meaning the SWP audience), he said he reads the Militant and in particular looks for articles about the Negro struggle. He also said he feels the Militant aims too high above the normal reading level and level of understanding and that many of the articles have references in them, such as other articles or works not read by the reader which make it difficult for the reader to understand. He then asked "Is Mr. Breitman here?" and everyone present at the meeting broke into laughter because SHABAZZ had meant Breitman's articles in particular were difficult to understand - SHABAZZ said he had to read them several times to understand them. SHABAZZ said Muslims he knows in Philadelphia read the Militant.

16. He said that the recent riots and demonstrations were of no avail - he said he does not believe these means will do anything for the Negro cause and that there is no "revolt" going on now (He more or less indicated that peaceful or other types of demonstrations will get the Negro nowhere; it is only the right type of "education" that will. He said this "education" will alter the Negro's mind so he will understand what has been done to him and the "hoax" that has been played on him by this present society). SHABAZZ was more outspoken at this type of closed forum than before a larger, mixed audience because here he felt he knew his audience.

#### VIII. Adjournment

##### Addenda

1. [ ] feels that SHABAZZ has contempt for the Negro masses and does not understand the role of women in society (This goes back to when someone at the meeting, during the discussion period following SHABAZZ's talk, asked him about women being in the "vanguard of the revolution" and SHABAZZ said he felt women have no role in this).

2. JAMES SHABAZZ said he was "attacked in the hallway" of his home "last night" (Meaning October 22) by two men, but he fought them off in Islamic fashion.

NY 100-97078

3. [ ] will leave around noon on Friday, October 24 by Greyhound bus, for Boston, where he will speak on Goldwater before the SWP Militant Labor Forum across from Jordan Hall, 8:00 p.m. He was given a check from [ ] drawn on a Cambridge, Massachusetts bank.

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4. [ ] said that there are "3 full-time people (YSA) on campus":





11/19/64

Airtel

To: SAC, WFO (100-43710)  
From: Director, FBI (100-442520)  
CIRM

ReNYairtel 11/17/64 and enclosed letterhead memorandum (LHM) of same date. Copies not furnished WFO. Enclosed herewith for WFO is one copy each of the referenced communications.

The LHM reports information revealing that Bayard Rustin had been in contact with [redacted] (phonetic) of the Teamsters Union in Washington, D. C. [redacted] sought Rustin's support in behalf of [redacted] (phonetic) who is trying to secure a position with the "Equal Employment Opportunities Commission." [redacted] is reported as presently employed as [redacted] of the National Labor Relations Board. Support for [redacted] is being sought in the form of letters to President Johnson by Martin Luther King, Jr., and A. Philip Randolph. Reairtel noted that the files of the New York Office were negative concerning [redacted] and [redacted]

WFO should immediately check its files to identify [redacted] and [redacted] and advise the Bureau as to identifying data available so that Bureau indices may be checked. In the event there is subversive information available concerning either or both these individuals, WFO should submit a LHM containing such information. Use as a preface the information contained in the New York LHM.

For the future guidance of New York, note that leads for checking these individuals by WFO should have been set out by your Office.

Enclosures - 2

① - New York (100-153735)

100-153735-622

SEARCHED	INDEXED
SERIALIZED	FILED
NOV 20 1964	
FBI - NEW YORK	

*[Handwritten signature]*

SAC, NEW YORK (100-139647)

11/19/64

SA PETER J. LEIGHTON (#41)

COMINFIL  
METROPOLITAN COUNCIL ON HOUSING (MCOH)  
IS - C

On 11/18/64, SA PETER J. LEIGHTON observed a demonstration (picketline) by various tenant organizations in front of 2 Lafayette Street, NYC.

This demonstration, starting at 12 Noon and ending at 2:00 p.m., was orderly and consisted of approximately 20 to 25 individuals marching in a picketline. Many of the pickets carried signs bearing slogans and/or names of tenant organizations. The slogans protested that landlords were receiving rent increases under the Receivership Law and the houses were not even being repaired.

Among the organization names appearing on the signs were: MCOH; Yorkville-Save-Our Homes Committee; Chelsea Save-Our Homes Committee; East Side Tenants Council; and Brooklyn CORE.

The following individuals were also observed taking part in the demonstration:

[REDACTED]

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During this demonstration SA LEIGHTON obtained a throwaway from [REDACTED]. The throwaway, issued by MCOH, alleges that provisions of the Receivership Law are being violated by NYC. The throwaway is retained in NY 100-139647-1B.15(7).

1 - NY 100-141231 (YSOHC) (41)  
1 - NY 100-144372 (CSOHC) (41)  
1 - NY 100-138948 (ESTC) (41)  
1 - NY 100-79303 (CORE) (41)  
1 - NY 100-153735 (CIRM) (42)  
1 - NY 100-81570 [REDACTED]  
1 - NY 100-108150 [REDACTED]  
1 - NY 100-26970 [REDACTED]  
1 - NY 100-54111 [REDACTED]  
1 - NY 100-101814 [REDACTED]  
1 - NY 100-147880 [REDACTED]  
1 - NY 100-139647 (41)

(46) b6  
b7C

(45)  
(45)

100-153735-623

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SERIALIZED.....FILED.....

NOV 19 1964  
FBI - NEW YORK

*J. Seaton* *jes*

PJL:bam  
(12)

SAC, NEW YORK (100-117529)(47)

11/19/64

SA ROBERT O. JOHNSON (47)

[redacted] b6  
[redacted] b7C  
SM-C

Identity of Source: [redacted]

Description of info:

Visit by [redacted] to home  
of [redacted] 10/2/64.

b6  
b7C  
b7D

Date Received:

10/19/64

Original Located:

[redacted]

A copy of informant's report follows:

- 1 - New York [redacted] (Inv.) [redacted] (47)
- 1 - New York (100-136881) [redacted] (47)
- 1 - New York (157-892)(RACIAL MATTERS, NYD)(42)
- 1 - New York (100-153735)(CIRM)(42)
- 1 - New York (100-117529)(47)

b6  
b7C  
b7D

ROJ:tml  
(5)

100-153735-624

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NOV 19 1964	
FBI - NEW YORK	

*[Signature]*

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10/19/63

On Friday, October 2nd, [ ] called at the home of [ ] and stayed for about an hour or a little more. He was given \$10. by [ ] covering sale of three tickets to Core's Rally for Civil Rights sponsored by Brooklyn Core in a downtown Brooklyn hotel, Hotel Essort, plus \$1. donation in lieu of [ ] attendance at the Rally. b6 b7c

[ ] expressed appreciation at [ ] efforts in the civil rights struggle and a lengthy discussion on various social questions then took place. This covered aspects of the Negro Revolution in America and American politics past and present. [ ] said he could not in conscience vote for either President JOHNSON or BARRY GOLDWATER. He considered GOLDWATER a great menace to peace but JOHNSON was responsible for the Bay of Tonkin incident and the continuance of war in Viet Nam; also [ ] was hesitant because of Mr. JOHNSON's Heart Newspapers and Wall St. backing. He then discussed President JOHNSON's War on Poverty which he termed a mere pittance and vastly inadequate for America's needs. He said that 25 times that much would have to be taken from the Arms budget and applied to the Poverty War to even make a poor showing. [ ] agreed with [ ] on many of these topics especially the War in Viet Nam on which [ ] seemed very eloquent. Before [ ] took leave he requested that [ ] telephone him upon her return to the City from Greenville N.Y. where she was going to spend a week, departing that afternoon. [ ] promised to do so. [ ] left [ ] shortly after 1 P.M. b6 b7c



UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE  
FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

In Reply, Please Refer to  
File No.

New York, New York  
November 20, 1964

Bufile 100-442529  
NYfile 100-153735

Re: Communist Influence in Racial Matters  
  
Mississippi Summer Project  
Racial Matters

The "New York Courier", a New York weekly newspaper, in its issue of November 7, 1964, page two, published an article entitled "COFO Continues Summer Project". The article stated that the Council of Federated Organizations (COFO), "because of increasing violence and social injustice in Mississippi, announced it will continue its summer project throughout the fall and winter and has urged the National Lawyers Guild (NLG) to continue to provide volunteer legal aid to the COFO freedom fighters". The article stated that NLG has responded by establishing a new "Southern Regional Office" of the Guild in Jackson, Mississippi, to provide the necessary volunteer attorneys for Mississippi, as well as conduct normal bar association activities in the entire South. Other functions of the Guild's new office will include conducting workshops on legal subjects for Southern attorneys.

On November 16, 1964, a confidential source, who has furnished reliable information in the past, made available a letter dated November 10, 1964, from the NLG Committee for Legal Assistance in the South (Committee Field Office, 507 1/2 North Farish Street, Jackson, Mississippi), signed [redacted] Southern Regional Office. [redacted]

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This document contains neither recommendations nor conclusions of the Federal Bureau of Investigation (FBI). It is the property of the FBI and is loaned to your agency; it and its contents are not to be distributed outside your agency.

100-153735-625  
Searched \_\_\_\_\_  
Serialized \_\_\_\_\_  
Indexed \_\_\_\_\_  
Filed \_\_\_\_\_

Re: Communist Influence in Racial Matters

Mississippi Summer Project.

The letter was addressed "Dear Guild Member", and informed that the Guild had reopened its Southern Regional Office at the same address occupied by its summer office in Jackson, Mississippi. It stated that the NLG had secured volunteer attorneys to carry its program to the end of this calendar year and asked for additional attorneys to come to Mississippi for a two weeks period during the first six months of 1965. The Guild hoped to have a minimum of two volunteer attorneys in the State of Mississippi at all times. The letter contained a registration blank addressed to the NLG, Jackson, Mississippi, in which the donor agreed to donate a certain number of weeks of legal service in Mississippi with the Guild's Mississippi project.

A characterization of the NLG is attached.

FBI

Date: 11/20/64

Transmit the following in \_\_\_\_\_

(Type in plaintext or code)

Via AIRTEL \_\_\_\_\_

(Priority)

TO: DIRECTOR, FBI (100-442529)  
(157-1676)

FROM: SAC, NEW YORK (100-153735)  
(157-1175)

SUBJECT: CIRM;

MISSISSIPPI SUMMER PROJECT  
RACIAL MATTERS

ReBuairtel to NY, dated 11/18/64.

Enclosed for Bureau and offices listed are copies of LHM in above case. The confidential source referred to in attached LHM is New York confidential mail box. Also enclosed for Jackson and Detroit Offices is photostat of National Lawyers Guild (NLG) letter dated 11/10/64. The original of this NLG letter is being maintained in NY file 100-10769.

- 4 - Bureau (100-442529) (Encls. 10) (RM)  
(157-1676)
- 3 - Jackson (157-100) (Encls. 4) (RM)
- 2 - Detroit (100-2760) (NLG) (Encls. 3) (RM)
- 1 - New York (100-10769) (NLG) (Section 41)
- 1 - New York (100-153735)
- 1 - New York (157-1175)

VJA:lca  
(13)

Approved: YMF Sent \_\_\_\_\_  
Special Agent in Charge

100-153735-626

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SAC, LOS ANGELES

11-20-64

SAC, NEW YORK (100-84275)

WILLIAM L. PATTERSON  
IS-C  
(OO: New York)

On 10/27/64, NY 2334-S\*, who has furnished reliable information in the past, advised that on the above date an individual believed to be [redacted] had an informal discussion with PATTERSON in the latter's office at CP Headquarters, NYC.

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According to the informant [redacted], in commenting on the Negro Freedom Movement, stated that the thing that was lacking in it was that they have allowed American imperialism to swing it away from developing any form of internationalism. He said "we" have some responsibility in tying up our struggle with the struggles of these people for their freedom.

PATTERSON stated that there was a need to integrate the Negro into the general American life. He said that Negroes should be brought along in order to show the relationship of the peace fight to their own fight for equality.

[redacted] said that there was a need to train younger people to come in and participate actively. He added that this does not mean that "we" would retire but that it would mean that they would have to play a role in another way.

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b7C

2-Los Angeles (Info) (RU)

(1-100- [redacted])

1-New York (100-151346) (CIRM) #42

1-New York (100-86624) (CP, USA - International Relations)

1-New York

HCO:eds

(5)

100-153735-674

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*[Signature]*



NY 100-84275

Continuing the informant advised that PATTERSON discussed the Chinese nuclear explosion. He said that he had told GUS (HALL) that "we" have to praise them (Chinese) for mastering the science of nuclear energy even though "we" may criticize what we suspect may be their use of it.

[ ] asked PATTERSON what he thought of KHRUSHCHEV's removal and PATTERSON replied that he felt that KHRUSHCHEV would come back but not as a general secretary. PATTERSON also remarked that he did not believe it was done in the proper manner. [ ] agreed with PATTERSON's remark stating that he believed they knew what they were doing but they did not recognize the problem of their methods.

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b7C

The informant advised that PATTERSON commented briefly on the question of anti-Semitism in the Soviet Union. He said that in his opinion there was no policy of anti-Semitism but there were, of course, individual acts of anti-Semitism. He said it would be impossible not to have some acts of anti-Semitism but felt that a person should not be permitted to write a book about it and publish it.

The above is set out for informational purposes.

11/20/64

AIRTEL

TO: DIRECTOR, FBI (100-442529)  
FROM: SAC, WFO (100-43710)  
CIRM

ReBuairtel 11/19/64, requesting indices check on  
[redacted] (phonetic) and [redacted] (phonetic).

NLRB Telephone Directory lists [redacted]  
[redacted] NLRB. City Directories for  
Washington, D. C., and vicinity list one [redacted]  
(no employment listed) at [redacted]

b6  
b7c

[redacted]  
WFO indices contain no record for [redacted] and no infor-  
mation identifiable with [redacted] of the Teamster's  
Union.

3- Bureau  
①- New York (RM)  
1- WFO

CRG:pac  
(5)

AIRTEL

628

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FBI - NEW YORK	

*[Signature]*

643

**File--Serial Charge Out**

FD-5 (Rev. 6-17-70)

o48-16-83475-1 GPO

File 100 153735 Date 5/5/77  
 Class. Case No. Last Serial

☐ Pending ☐ Closed

Serial No. Description of Serial Date Charged

635-636 Serial sent to Bureau, per  
633-634 Buairtel to NY, dtd. 4/12/77,  
632-631 titled; Bernard S. Lee v.  
630-629 Clarence M. Kelley, et. al.  
 BuFile 62-117194d

Section #23

Employee

**RECHARGE**

Date

To From

Initials of Clerk

Date

Date Charged

Employee

Location

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SAC, Atlanta (100-8670)

11/20/64

Director, FBI (100-442520)

CIRM

Re: Airtel 11/16/64, copy to New York, above caption as well as concerning Martin Luther King, Jr. Enclosed was a letterhead memorandum bearing the same dual caption.

It was reported that on 11/12/64 one [redacted] not further identified, contacted Dora McDonald, King's secretary. He told her that the resolutions that were proposed and discussed when King was in New York the previous week were being forwarded to King and that these proposals are then to be presented to President Johnson. [redacted] did not discuss what the proposals were. The reference to the resolutions being proposed and discussed when King was in New York are in obvious reference to King's meeting on 11/5/64 in New York City with his advisors which meeting concerned activities of the Southern Christian Leadership Conference (SCLC). Reairtel set out a lead for the New York Office to determine the identity of [redacted] and whether any information of a security nature is available concerning him.

b6  
b7C

In view of the intentions of parties concerned to present certain proposals to President Johnson, it is highly desirable that the nature of these proposals be determined so that such information may be passed on by the Bureau to interested parties. Recipient offices should be most alert to information being received through its usual sources for data which would serve to inform as to the nature of the proposals.

b6  
b7C

Inasmuch as it appears that [redacted] is an individual of some importance in this matter and possibly even a member of King's group of advisors, every possible effort should be made to fully identify this individual.

2 - New York (100-153735)

100-153735-637

SEARCHED	INDEXED
SERIALIZED	FILED
NOV 20 1964	
FBI - NEW YORK	

*je*

Handled by teletype 11/25/64  
*jes*

Letter to SAC, Atlanta  
RE: CIRM  
100-442520

Recipient offices should keep the Bureau promptly advised of all pertinent developments in this matter. In addition, New York should expedite a review of necessary files and records to identify Brown and advise the Bureau promptly.

Appendix pages were not numbered. They should be numbered 6 and 7\*. The Appendix characterization of the Maryland Committee for Democratic Rights is not the latest available. On page 7\* change date of May 29, 1963, to May 23, 1964, thus bringing this characterization up to date. Also add a statement to page 7\* that the confidential source furnishing the information has supplied reliable information in the past.

UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

# Memorandum

TO : SAC, New York (100-153735)

DATE: 11/20/64

FROM : Director, FBI (100-442529)

SUBJECT: CIRM

ASST. DIR.  
SAC I  
SAC II  
SAC III  
SAC IV  
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*Answer this  
separately as  
a lot of  
research  
will be  
done on  
last 4*

ReBulet 11/16/64 which referred to a reported discussion between Harry Wachtel and Bayard Rustin wherein reference was made to the fact that Wachtel had told Martin Luther King, Jr., that he has "my resignation in your pocket." The discussion was of such a nature as to give rise to a strong presumption that Wachtel has a "skeleton in his closet" and that the King group fears some exposure. Solicitation was made of your Office for any explanation or further information which might explain the conversation in question.

As your Office is aware, Wachtel is steadily assuming greater importance as one of King's group of advisors. His background therefore becomes of prime importance.

Summary rep of SA [redacted] 5/25/62 at New York concerning Wachtel contains information from an anonymous source to the effect that on 3/5/44 Wachtel's name was on a list of names, significance not known, which was maintained at the headquarters of the Kings County Communist Party. At the same time, and according to the same source, the name and address of Wachtel's wife, [redacted] was similarly maintained but in this instance she was identified as a newly elected officer of the Bath Beach Club of the Kings County Communist Party. Also, records of the New York City Police Department revealed that a sister of Mr. Wachtel, [redacted] nee [redacted] was a member of the Inwood Club of the Party in 1944-45. In the light of these facts, there is a strong likelihood that Wachtel was also a Party member. It would be extremely pertinent to establish his Party membership if he, in fact, was a Party member.

In view of the foregoing, you are instructed to make a review of appropriate files looking toward the identities of other members of the Bath Beach Club of the Party during the

100-153735-638

SEARCHED	INDEXED
SERIALIZED	FILED
NOV 20 1964	
FBI - NEW YORK	

SEATON

Letter to SAC, New York  
RE: CIRM  
100-442529

pertinent period and give strong consideration to interviewing such members at this time, particularly those who have since disaffected. Handle this matter in conjunction with the request made in reBulet 11/16/64. Give this matter prompt attention so that there will be no delay in uncovering likely prospects for interview and effecting those interviews promptly.

UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

# Memorandum

TO : SAC ( 100 - 153735 )

DATE: 11/20/64

FROM : SA JOHN C. SEATON (#42)

SUBJECT: COMMUNIST INFLUENCE IN RACIAL MATTERS  
(CIRM)  
INTERNAL SECURITY - C

The Bureau has designated NEW YORK the office of origin in this matter, and the Bureau has instructed all offices to send NEW YORK copies of the quarterly reports. In view of this information, it is recommended that sub - files be made in 100 - 153735 for each office in order that the quarterly reports from all offices might be filed in this manner.

*JCS*  
*42*

*100-153735-639*

SEARCHED.....	INDEXED.....
SERIALIZED.....	FILED.....
NOV 20 1964	
FBI - NEW YORK	



Buy U.S. Savings Bonds Regularly on the Payroll Savings Plan



DIRECTOR, FBI (100-442529)

11/20/64

SAC, NEW YORK (100-153735)

CIRM

Re report of SA JOHN C. SEATON dated 10/30/64, at  
NY.

Enclosed herewith are nine copies of the index for the  
referenced report, which index should be attached to the end  
of the report.

2-Bureau (100-442529) (Encl. 9) (RM)  
(1-New York (100-153735) (42)  
JCS:rmv  
(3)

CCO  
↓

*W*  
*Jose*

Searched \_\_\_\_\_  
Serialized \_\_\_\_\_  
Indexed \_\_\_\_\_  
Filed \_\_\_\_\_

attached are six copies  
of the index for the  
NY copies of the referenced  
report.

100-153735-64 *gfr*

UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT  
MEMORANDUM

TO: SAC, BOSTON

DATE: 11/24/64

FROM: SAC, NEW YORK (100-97078)

SUBJECT: SWP - NY LOCAL  
IS - SWP

2 - Boston (100-33449)(YSA)(RM)  
(1 - 100- ) ( )  
1 - Cincinnati (100- ) (YSA)(RM)  
2 - Chicago (100-39837) ( ) (RM)  
(1 - 100- ) ( )  
1 - Cleveland (100-23460)(YSA)(RM)  
1 - Detroit (100-26273) ( ) (RM)  
2 - Newark (100- ) (YSA)(RM)  
(1 - 100- ) ( )  
1 - New Haven (100- ) (YSA)(RM)  
2 - Philadelphia (100-42269)(YSA)(RM)  
(1 - 100- ) ( )  
4 - Washington Field (100-35189)(YSA)(RM)  
(1 - 100- ) ( )  
(1 - 100-43843) ( )  
1 - NY ( ) (INV)(44)  
1 - NY 100-133479 (YSA)(44)  
1 - NY 100-99564 (BEN STONE)(44)  
1 - NY 100-26400 ( ) (44)  
1 - NY 100-150533 ( ) (44)  
1 - NY 100-149325 ( ) (44)  
1 - NY 100-153352 ( ) (44)  
1 - NY 100-152079 ( ) (44)  
1 - NY 100-131823 ( ) (44)  
1 - NY 100-133074 ( ) (44)  
1 - NY 100-108956 ( ) (44)  
1 - NY 100-133460 ( ) (44)  
1 - NY 100-134938 ( ) (44)  
1 - NY 100-84574 ( ) (44)  
1 - NY 100-111294 ( ) (44)  
1 - NY 100-112275 (JIMMY KUTCHER)(44)  
1 - NY 100-111766 ( ) (44)  
1 - NY 100-145809 ( ) (44)  
1 - NY 100-148705 ( ) (44)  
1 - NY 100-132776 ( ) (44)  
1 - NY 100-153227 ( ) (44)

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1 - NY 100-97078 (44)

AJG:bam

(75) *ACE*

100-153735-641

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NOV 24 1964  
FBI - NEW YORK

*Jeator*

NY 100-97078

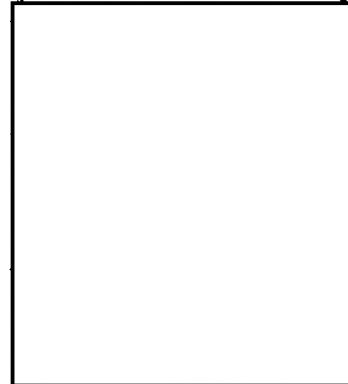
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1 - NY 100-153351  
1 - NY 100-153409  
1 - NY 100-152062  
1 - NY 100-142656  
1 - NY 105-45966  
1 - NY 100-84588  
1 - NY 100-88074  
1 - NY 100-149403  
1 - NY 100-93735  
1 - NY 100-93935  
1 - NY 100-152024  
1 - NY 100-151689  
1 - NY 100-140516  
1 - NY 100-146125  
1 - NY 100-137560  
1 - NY 100-140515  
1 - NY 100-148205  
1 - NY 100-137403  
1 - NY 100-92801  
1 - NY 100-94358  
1 - NY 100-150169  
1 - NY 100-96539  
1 - NY 100-7388  
1 - NY 100-59481  
1 - NY 100-153735  
1 - NY 100-91923  
1 - NY 100-154171  
1 - NY 100-153719  
1 - NY 100-135101  
1 - NY 100-152371  
1 - NY 100-115760  
1 - NY 100-151625  
1 - NY 100-11761  
1 - NY 100-140645  
1 - NY 100-147372  
1 - NY 100-134200



(44) b6  
b7C

(PETER CAMEJO) (44)



(44)

b6  
b7C

(AL GORDON) (44)



(44)

b6  
b7C

(PL) (44)

(44)

NY 100-97078

Identity of Source:

[redacted] who has b7D  
furnished reliable  
info in past (conceal)

Description of Information:

Membership Meeting, NY  
Local, SWP, 11/5/64,  
116 University Place,  
NYC

Date Received:

11/6/64

Received By:

SA ARTHUR J. GREENE, :  
(written)

Original Location:

[redacted] b7D

A copy of informant's written report follows:

NY 100-97078

- 3 -

Original Location:

[redacted]

A copy of informant's written report follows:

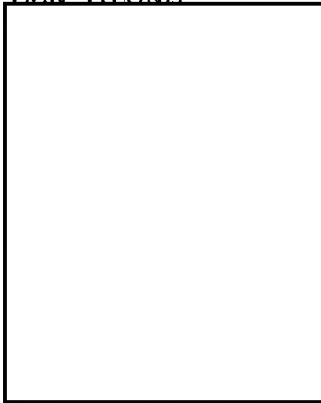
NY 100-97078

Report Written November 5, 1964

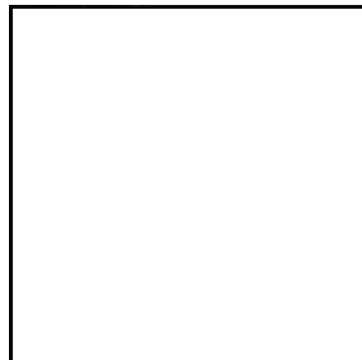
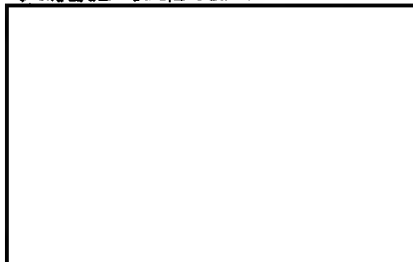
Close Membership Branch Meeting  
New York Local of the SWP  
116 University Place  
New York City  
November 5, 1964, 8:00 p.m. - 10:00 p.m.

The following were present:

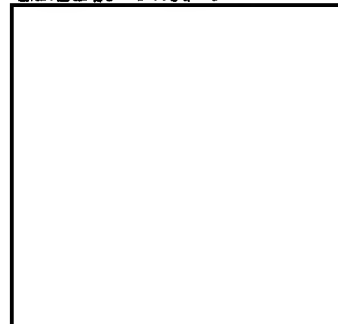
BEN STONE



JIMMY KUTCHER



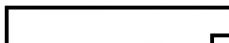
PETER CAMEJO



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Agenda

Chairman:



Recording Secretary:



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I. Reading and adoption of minutes of prior meeting

NY 100-97078

## II. Announcements

### A. Forum: [REDACTED]

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1. FARRELL DOBBS will speak on Friday, November 6, on "The Crisis in the Kremlin".

B. There will be a reception for ART PRICE, author of "Labor's Giants", on November 21 evening, at 116 University Place.

### C. Thanksgiving Dinner: [REDACTED]

1. There will be Thanksgiving Day dinner at 116 University Place, admission \$250.

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### D. Book Bazaar - November 14

## III. Branch Finances: [REDACTED]

A. All those who owe 3 or more months' dues and sustaining fund will receive a notice to this effect with the next city letter.

### IV. Fund Drive: [REDACTED]

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A. Although some comrades paid their entire pledge at the beginning of the election fund drive, many still owe money and were urged to tell [REDACTED] when and how much they would definitely pay. A great deal of money is owed for the election campaign.

### IV. Youth Conference: PETER CAMEJO

A. 77 from New York City attended and 53 from out of New York City attended (PETER referred to this week's Militant for the states represented outside of New York: Massachusetts, Maryland, Pennsylvania, Connecticut, New Hampshire and others.)

NY 100-97078

B. Some of the breakdown is as follows:

1. 1 student from Yale University
2. 2 students from Antioch College
3. 1 student from Hartford High School
4. 1 student from Dobbins (?) High School in Philadelphia
5. 1 student from the University of Connecticut

(There may have been some students from the University of Rhode Island).

6. There were students from 18 universities, and 5 high schools.
7. There were students from Queens College, City College, Columbia University and New York University
8. Youth heard about the conference through the following means (and PETER gave the figures for each media):
  - a. "Word of mouth" - 50 came through this means, which was considered the best media
  - b. Leaflet distribution in Harlem (20,000 leaflets) - drew only 2 Negro youth
  - c. Street meetings - 1 person, who came in from Newark, New Jersey, and joined the YSA.
  - d. Radio
  - e. Forums (MLF)
  - f. Village Voice
  - g. Daily News
  - h. Militant
- \* 9. Note: There are 10 "recruits for the YSA" as a result of the Youth Conference and at the Sunday A.M. Session at 116 University Place)

Note: 130 registered for the entire Youth Conference (This is the more "meaningful" figure per PETER, in contrast to the number which registered for one session).

NY 100-97078

V. Organizer's Report: [redacted]

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1. [redacted] chided PETER CAMEJO for not being more enthusiastic in his report [redacted] said that PETER probably "worked too hard" today and was tired). [redacted] said he felt that this was the best conference of any ever had by the SWP and that the youth who attended were "bubbly" and very enthusiastic about the Conference. [redacted] mentioned that even Dr. OTTO NATHAN, who is usually "a drag", spoke well and was very positive, etc. (Note: It may be noted here that one of Dr. NATHAN's statements was: "Capitalism must be abolished".)

VI. Intermission and payment of dues

A. The following came in for the Educational:

\*1. [redacted] (YSA) - (Referred to in all prior reports as "[redacted] (YSA)". He may possibly be a student at New York University).

2. AL GORDON (YSA)

3. [redacted]  
4. [redacted]  
5. [redacted]  
6. [redacted]  
7. [redacted]

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V. Educational: [redacted]

A. Report of "Trailblazing" to sell YSA literature on 30 university campuses.

1. [redacted] said that "trailblazers" left New York City on October 3 for 30 days. The East and Midwest were covered.

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2. Trailblazers were:

- a. [redacted] (?) - Midwest
- b. [redacted] - Midwest
- c. [redacted] (described by [redacted] as "Comrade from Boston")



NY 100-97078

d. possibly [redacted]

3. [redacted] and [redacted] were arrested on the campus of the University of Ohio and jailed. They were released on \$500 bail each. b6 b7C

4. The following wer some of the universities covered:

- a. Swarthmore - in Pennsylvania
- b. Bryn Maur - in Pennsylvania
- c. Yale University
- d. Harvard University
- e. Princeton University
- f. Rutgers University
- g. American International College in Springfield
- h. Lincoln University (all Negro)
- i. Chaney State Teachers College in Pennsylvania (all Negro)
- j. University of Rhode Island
- k. Brown College
- l. Clark College (or University?)
- m. University of Rhode Island
- n. University of New Hampshire
- o. University of Connecticut
- p. Boston University
- q. Antioch College (?)

5. Numerous copies of the Militant and particularly the Young Socialist were sold.

6. Out of the 30 universities covered, [redacted] and others were "kicked off 3 universities".

7. There is an-organization at the University of Rhode Island called SFDS - Students For a Democratic Society - they publish no literature, are just confined to the University of Rhode Island and are not allied with the YSA. The YSA at the University of Rhode Island wants to have [redacted] and others as speakers. b6 b7C

NY 100-97078

8. There is a group at the University of New Hampshire called "There's Nothing in Politics" and, per [redacted] they are "all Socialists".

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\*9. [redacted] said that all these universities would be "open season" for the YSA, that many of the students are "frustrated" and looking for something (like Socialism), particularly at Lincoln University and Chaney State Teachers College, and are anxious to get YSA literature, Young Socialist, Militant, etc. [redacted] said the students also defended the academic rights of MARSH and the others to be allowed to speak.

10. The following name was mentioned by JACK MARSH:

\* [redacted] - attends Lincoln University (This is the university which JAMES SHABAZZ attended.)

11. [redacted] said that in one of the 30 universities covered he met two apologists for P.L."

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b7C

B. [redacted] reported on literature sales during the Conference - \$113 taken in; 29 copies of BOB DES VERNEY's pamphlet "The Black Ghetto" sold.

Addenda

1. It is most likely that [redacted] may be a student at New York University since he is a member of the Downtown YSA. He mentioned 3 people from Washington, D.C. (must be [redacted] and her husband, plus another) who just joined the YSA as "members at large" - there is no YSA in Washington, D.C. at present. [redacted] also said that a YSA Branch in Philadelphia was just formed.

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\*2. [redacted] may be moving this coming Monday, November 9.

NY 100-97078

3. [redacted] live at [redacted]  
[redacted] (on Avenue ?), [redacted]

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b7C

\*4. Chaney State Teachers College wants to have  
[redacted] Black Muslims and [redacted]  
[redacted] come there and speak.

5. The complete election returns are not in.  
Therefore, it is not known how many votes the SWP received.  
When this is known, the winner of the SWP "vote pool" will  
be announced.

6. [redacted] said that two young people  
who stayed at her home over the Conference weekend were very  
"politically unsophisticated" because they liked what [redacted]  
[redacted] had to say at the opening session (an many SWP  
members were quite upset because they felt that [redacted] did  
not present the SWP's election program and was too emphatic  
about Negro and white workers uniting at this time).

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\*\*\*\*\*

The following name will be indexed to captioned file:

[redacted]

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For the information of WFO it appears that [redacted]  
[redacted] (WFO 100-43843) may be identical with the husband  
of [redacted] mentioned in the above report.



UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE  
FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

In Reply, Please Refer to  
File No.

New York, New York  
November 24, 1964

Bufile 100-442529  
NYfile 100-153735

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

Communist Influence In Racial Matters

Proposed Action Program of Parents  
Workshop for Equality in New York  
City Schools, February 3, 1965

A confidential source, who has furnished reliable information in the past on November 19, 1964, made available a mimeographed letter dated November 19, 1964, addressed to the "Honorable [redacted] Mayor's Commission on Human Rights, 80 Lafayette Street, New York, N. Y." The letter was signed [redacted] for The Parents Workshop for Equality in New York City Schools, The Negro Teachers Association, New York Chapter, Congress of Racial Equality, Brooklyn Chapter, Congress of Racial Equality, Regional Office, Congress of Racial Equality, Metropolitan Housing Movement, Roachdale Movement, The DuBois Clubs of New York City". b6 b7C

The W. E. B. Du Bois Clubs of America is characterized in the appendix.

[redacted] states in the letter, "On behalf of the undersigned community organizations I urgently request the intervention and mediation of the Commission to resolve the b6 b7C

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

~~GROUP 1  
Excluded from automatic  
downgrading and  
declassification~~

This document contains neither recommendations nor conclusions of the FBI. It is the property of the FBI and is loaned to your agency; it and its contents are not to be distributed outside your agency.

Searched \_\_\_\_\_  
Serialized \_\_\_\_\_  
Indexed \_\_\_\_\_  
Filed \_\_\_\_\_

100-153735-642

Communist Influence in Racial Matters;  
Proposed Action Program of Parents  
Workshop for Equality in New York City  
Schools, February 3, 1965

existing stalemate arrived at between representatives of the educational system and those seeking to desegregate the school system. Discussion has proved fruitless, talks have been terminated, faith has not been kept...

"We can no longer keep faith with the people we represent and continue to meet with those at the Board who make a farce of discussion and negotiation. We, therefore, have decided on the attached program of action, scheduled for February 3, 1965."

Attached to the above mimeographed letter was a list of "Demands" as follows:

- I. The upgrading of 165 Negro and Puerto Rican teachers to supervisory positions in the New York City School System.
- II. The revising of the Construction program to conform with a city-wide plan for desegregation
- III. Issuance of or commitment to the issuance of a city-wide plan and timetable for school desegregation
- IV. For the 600 schools:
  - a. An objective evaluation by a study group not related to the Board of Education
  - b. The institution of a curriculum in the 600 schools
  - c. The institution of a screening process for the admission of pupils to the 600 schools and a screening process for their return to the mainstream of the school system."

Communist Influence in Racial Matters;  
Proposed Action Program of Parents  
Workshop for Equality in New York City  
Schools, February 3, 1965

This was followed by a second caption, "Our Proposed Action Program", which set forth the following two objectives:

- "A. To shut down the thirty-one segregated Junior High Schools in the system
- B. To shut down the 600 Schools in the system".

The confidential sources referred to in the appendix have furnished reliable information in the past.

Communist Influence in Racial Matters;  
Proposed Action Program of Parents  
Workshop for Equality in New York City  
Schools, February 3, 1965

1.

APPENDIX

W.E.B. DU BOIS CLUBS OF AMERICA

A source has advised that on October 26-27, 1963, a conference of members of the Communist Party (CP), including national functionaries, met in Chicago, Illinois, for the purpose of setting in motion forces for the establishment of a new national Marxist-oriented youth organization which would hunt for the most peaceful transition to socialism. The delegates to this meeting were cautioned against the germ of anti-Soviet and anti-CP ideologies. These delegates were also told that it would be reasonable to assume that the young socialists attracted into this new organization would eventually pass into the CP itself.

A second conference of over 20 persons met in Chicago on December 28-29, 1963, for the purpose of initiating a "call" to the new youth organization and planning for a founding convention to be held in June, 1964.

A second source has advised that the founding convention for the new youth organization was held from June 19-21, 1964, at 150 Golden Gate Avenue, San Francisco, California, at which time the name W.E.B. DuBois Clubs of America was adopted. Approximately 500 delegates from throughout the United States attended this convention. The aims of this organization, as set forth in the preamble to the constitution, are: "It is our belief that this nation can best solve its problems in an atmosphere of peaceful coexistence, complete disarmament and true freedom for all peoples of the world, and that these solutions will be reached mainly through the united efforts of all democratic elements in our country, composed essentially of the working people allied in the unity of Negroes and other minorities with whites. We further fully recognize that the greatest threat to American democracy comes from the racist and right wing forces in coalition with the most reactionary sections of the economic power structure, using the tool of anti-communism to divide and destroy the unified struggle of the working people. As young people in the forces struggling for democracy, we shall actively strive to defeat these reactionary and neo-fascist elements and to achieve complete freedom and democracy for all Americans, thus enabling each individual to freely choose and build the society he would wish to live in. Through these struggles we feel the American people will realize the viability of the socialist alternatives."

BEST COPY AVAILABLE

MEMORANDUM FOR THE DIRECTOR (100-153735)

11/2/77

TO: SAC, NEW YORK (100-153735)

FROM: SAC, NEW YORK (100-153735)

SUBJECT: [REDACTED] (100-153735)  
[REDACTED] (100-153735)

Enclosed for the Director are ten (10) copies of the  
[REDACTED] (100-153735) [REDACTED] (100-153735)  
[REDACTED] (100-153735) [REDACTED] (100-153735)  
[REDACTED] (100-153735) [REDACTED] (100-153735)  
[REDACTED] (100-153735) [REDACTED] (100-153735)  
[REDACTED] (100-153735) [REDACTED] (100-153735)  
[REDACTED] (100-153735) [REDACTED] (100-153735)  
[REDACTED] (100-153735) [REDACTED] (100-153735)

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~  
CLASSIFIED AND  
EXTENDED BY 60802 12-1-77  
REASON FOR EXTENSION  
FCIM, II, 1-2.4.2  
DATE OF REVIEW FOR  
DECLASSIFICATION *indef.*

Searched \_\_\_\_\_  
Serialized \_\_\_\_\_  
Indexed \_\_\_\_\_  
Filed \_\_\_\_\_

- 100-153735 (100-153735) (100-153735)
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100-153735-643

100-153735 (100-153735)

*y/c*

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

11/2/77

*[Signature]*





In Reply, Please Refer to  
File No.

~~SECRET~~  
UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE  
FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

DECLASSIFICATION AUTHORITY DERIVED FROM:  
FBI AUTOMATIC DECLASSIFICATION GUIDE  
DATE 11-14-2011

New York, New York  
November 24, 1964

Bureau 100-442529

Re: Communist Influence In Racial Matters  
Internal Security - C

A confidential source, who has furnished reliable information in the past, furnished information on November 21, 1964, disclosing that Stanley Levison and [redacted] were in contact on that date. Levison took the opportunity to state that he had received a letter from A. J. Muste (a Socialist Pacifist) on the stationery of the Fellowship of Reconciliation, in which he extolled the many contributions of Bayard Rustin to the civil rights movement and his commitment to non-violence. Muste, according to Levison, then solicited money on behalf of Rustin, to be used to pay his expenses so that he can accompany Martin Luther King (President of the Southern Christian Leadership Conference) (SCLC), to Oslo, Norway, in December, 1964, to receive the Nobel Peace Prize.

b6  
b7c

Levison raised the question as to why King had not agreed to pay Rustin's expenses, since he asked him to accompany him on the trip. He said Muste had attempted to cover such a question by stating that King had decided to contribute all the award money to the SCLC, therefore, no travel expenses will be paid out of the award except King's and his wife.

This document contains neither recommendations nor conclusions of the FBI. It is the property of the FBI and is loaned to your agency; it and its contents are not to be distributed outside your agency.

~~SECRET~~  
Group I  
Excluded from automatic  
downgrading and  
declassification  
Searched  
Serialized  
Indexed  
Filed

100-153735-644

~~SECRET~~

## Communist Influence In Racial Matters

In continuing his questions about the letter, Levison asked [ ] why King had not written the letter rather than Muste. According to the source, [ ] offered no comment. b6 b7C

Levison said he had two thoughts in regard to the letter: "First, it is a terrible thing to be doing and secondly, he wondered if Martin (King) knows about this."

According to the source, Levison remarked that he could tell from the phraseology and the way the whole thing (the letter) was presented it was all Rustin's design, and said he thought it would be good for [ ] to advise King about the letter. [ ] said "they" should then write comments on the letter and send them down to King. Levison stated that on the other hand, he felt that he should send a modest check, because he thought that in the future "this will loom large on the question of who befriended him (Rustin) and who is trying to cut him down." b6 b7C

Levison said he felt that if Rustin had asked a few people to give him the money, he could have made a case. But to infer that King needed Rustin to accompany him to handle arrangements, but could not afford to pay his way, was ridiculous, Levison remarked. He said if King desired to raise the money, he could easily do it by sending out ten letters asking for \$100 each. It is wrong, Levison said, for Muste to send out an appeal in Rustin's behalf, adding that he was of the impression that Rustin had been told by King that he could handle his own arrangements, therefore, he (Rustin) would have to raise his own money if he wanted to go.

According to the source, among other things discussed by Levison and [ ] was what Levison described as the "off the record remarks that Hoover (J. Edgar Hoover, Federal Bureau of Investigation Director) made in 'The New York Times' of November 19, 1964". [ ] said he felt that Hoover's response was "not merely confined to that narrow issue involved" and that the newspaper report confirmed it. Levison said that was just what he had thought. b6 b7C

- 2 -

~~SECRET~~

~~SECRET~~

## Communist Influence In Racial Matters

In concluding their contact, [ ] agreed to meet with Levison at Levison's house on Monday (November 23, 1964), at 8:30 PM. According to the source, they said they could discuss many things on their minds.

On Monday, November 23, 1964, at 8:36 PM, Special Agents of the Federal Bureau of Investigation observed [ ] enter the apartment house of 585 West End Avenue, New York, New York. This is the house in which Stanley Levison resides. b6  
b7C

With regard to the article in "The New York Times" of November 19, 1964, it reported that FBI Director J. Edgar Hoover held a three hour news conference on 11/18/64, during which time he considered many topics.

A confidential source, who has furnished reliable information in the past, advised in April, 1964, that Stanley Levison was a secret member of the Communist Party, United States of America (CPUSA), in July, 1963. In late 1963, and early 1964, he criticized the Communist Party (CP) for not being sufficiently militant in the civil rights struggle. Levison was described by certain CP leaders as being to the "left" of the CP in his position on civil rights. His differences with the CP, however, are merely tactical and he continues his ideological adherence to Communism.

~~SECRET~~

F B I

Date: 11/24/64

Transmit the following in \_\_\_\_\_  
(Type in plain text or code)

Via AIRTEL \_\_\_\_\_  
(Priority)

TO: DIRECTOR, FBI (100-442529)

FROM: SAC, NEW YORK (100-153735)

SUBJECT: CIRM  
IS-C

Enclosed are seven copies of a letterhead memorandum, captioned and dated as above.

The source of the information in the letterhead memorandum was NY 4099-S\*, a source close to [REDACTED]

The source who furnished the characterization of STANLEY LEVISON was NY 694-S\*.

The source who characterized [REDACTED] was [REDACTED] Columbia University [REDACTED], in 1954.

b6  
b7C

NY 2359-S\* and NY 4212-S\* characterized BAYARD RUSTIN.

[REDACTED] was the source who characterized BENJAMIN J. DAVIS.

- 5 - Bureau (100-442529) (Encls. 7) (RM)
  - (1 - 100-158790) (BAYARD RUSTIN)
  - (1 - 100-106670) (MARTIN LUTHER KING, JR.)
- 2 - Atlanta (Encls. 2) (Info) (RM)
  - (1 - 100-5586) (MARTIN LUTHER KING, JR.)
  - (1 - 100-6670) (CIRM)
- 1 - New York (100-46729) (BAYARD RUSTIN) (42)
- 1 - New York (100-73250) [REDACTED] (42)
- 1 - New York (100-111180) (STANLEY LEVISON) (42)
- ① - New York (100-153735) (42)

b6  
b7C

JMK:gmd  
(12)

Searched \_\_\_\_\_  
Serialized \_\_\_\_\_  
Indexed \_\_\_\_\_  
Filed \_\_\_\_\_

Approved: \_\_\_\_\_  
Special Agent in Charge

Sent \_\_\_\_\_ M Per \_\_\_\_\_

100-153735-645

NY 100-153735

This letterhead memorandum is classified "~~Secret~~" because it contains information from NY 4099-S\* and NY 694-S\*. NY 4099-S\* has furnished highly sensitive information with regard to the racial situation in the New York area and the Communist infiltration thereof. NY 694-S\* furnished a large concentration of information used in characterizing STANLEY LEVISON. For these reasons, this classification is used.

The Agents who observed [redacted] entering the apartment house at 585 West End Avenue, New York City, 11/23/64, were: [redacted] JAMES G. FITZGERALD, and [redacted]

b6  
b7C

File--Serial Charge Out  
FD-5 (Rev. 6-17-70)

48-16-83475-1 GPO

File 100 15 3735 Date 5/5/77

Class.

Case No.

Last Serial

☐ Pending

☐ Closed

Serial No.

Description of Serial

Date  
Charged

6A7-646 Serial sent to Bureau, per  
Buairtel to NY, dtd. 4/12/77,  
titled; Bernard S. Lee v.  
Clarence M. Kelley, et. al.  
BuFile 62-117194d

Section #23

Employee

RECHARGE

Date

To

From

Initials of  
Clerk

Date

Date Charged

Employee

Location

UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT  
MEMORANDUM

TO: SAC, NEW YORK (100-26603-C1214)

DATE: 11/24/64

FROM: SA JOHN A. HAAG (#41)

SUBJECT: 11th A.D. CP CLUB  
IS - C

Identity of Source: [redacted] who has furnished <sup>b7D</sup>  
reliable info in past (conceal)

Description of Info: Meeting of 11th AD CP Club,  
11/13/64 at 740 St. Nicholas  
Ave., NYC

Date Received: 11/19/64

Received By: SA JOHN A. HAAG (written)

Original Location: [redacted] <sup>b7D</sup>

A copy of informant's written report follows:

- 1 - [redacted] (INV) (41)  
1 - NY 100-62847  
1 - NY 100-133660  
1 - NY 100-136577  
1 - NY 100-85373  
1 - NY 100-927818  
1 - NY 100-73325  
1 - NY 100-49583  
1 - NY 100-153735 (CIRM) (42)  
1 - NY 100-84275 (WILLIAM L. PATTERSON) (42)  
1 - NY 100-26603-C42 (CPUSA-NY COUNTY) (46)  
1 - NY 100-26603-C1214 (41)

b6  
b7C  
b7D

JAH:bam  
(12)

*WTH*

100-153735-648  
Searched Indexed  
Serialized Filed  
NOV 24 1964  
FBI - NEW YORK

*[Signature]*

NY 100-26603-C1214

New York City  
Nov. 15, 1964

11th A.D. Club, Harlem Region, CP.

The 11th A.D. Club of the Harlem Region of the Communist Party, held a meeting on Friday evening, Nov. 13, 1964 at the residence of [redacted]

[redacted] at 9:00 p.m.

The following persons were present, [redacted]

b6  
b7C

[redacted] and [redacted]

[redacted] called the meeting to order at 9:02 p.m. The following points were on the agenda.

1. Dues & Fund Drive money, [redacted] treasurer, called for dues, all members paid dues.

2. [redacted] stated that a resume of the presidential election is a most important topic to discuss. [redacted] asked to read an article recently printed in the Wall Street Journal on the Civil Right struggle in Mississippi, of the bombing, killings and vote registration campaign, and COFO which is now carrying on the campaign during these winter months. b6 b7C

[redacted] stated that he had attended the County Meeting of the Communist Party on Thursday, Nov 12, 1964, which the presidential election was the topic, and he is bringing the thinking of the County Committee in the report he render. (a) The 3 big issues in the elections were Racism, economic plight of the USA and Peace. In studying the results of the elections it was estimated that 93% of the Negro votes went for Pres. Johnson, because of the Civil Rights issue and the protection of the Negroes under the law of the land, the getting out of new Negro voters in all parts of the USA and the aid of the Federal gov't for a better standard of living for



NY 100-26603-C1214

all Americans. These are the things the Democratic administration stood for under Pres. Johnson. Senator Goldwater would deny the Negroes these protection under the Federal Gov't. Since the Negroes are becoming politically conscious and learning to use the ballot to fight for their cause, thus the Negro votes went 93% for Pres. Johnson.

2. Pres. JOHNSON and his program for help to persons that are considered in the poverty class, and 80% of the Negroes population falls into this class, federal aid for homes, schools and jobs appeals to the Negroes, and many elements of the white people, better social security and medical would help all Americans thus Pres. Johnson appealed to sections of America. In contrast, Senator Goldwater would put a limitation on Social Security, Medicare and the poverty program, thus the voters had a clear cut choice of a man looking forward to a better America and a better World and one that would retard these aims and repeal the future and bring back the past.

3. Under Peace - Senator Goldwater, would give the weapons to Generals in the field, and they would make the decision to use or not use. This would endanger World Peace, and perhaps bring on an Atomic War, which nobody wants.

Thus Pres. Johnson, victory was a landslide. thus giving him a mandate to continue peaceful co-existence. In Harlem 93% of the Negro votes went to Pres. Johnson and only 2 district in Metropolitan New York went to Sen. Goldwater, Glendale & Sheepshead Bay.

[redacted] asked the chairman for the thinking of the County Committee on the International affairs, the talks between Russia & China. [redacted] stated that a study can not be made now, since the talks are still in progress, and that the County Committee shall get a full reports on these talks from WILLIAM L. PATTERSON, who is now in Russia, participating in some of these meetings. b6 b7C

The time being 11:10 p.m. the meeting was adjourned.

UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT  
MEMORANDUM

TO : SAC, NEW YORK (157-1036)

FROM : SA ROBERT O. JOHNSON (47)

SUBJECT: PROPOSED SCHOOL BOYCOTT BY [REDACTED]  
RACIAL MATTERS  
IS-C

Date: 11/24/64

b6  
b7C

1 - New York [REDACTED] (Inv.) [REDACTED] (47)  
1 - New York (157-892) (RACIAL SITUATION, NYD) (42)  
1 - New York (100-128388) [REDACTED] (47) (PGS. 4,5,6,7)  
1 - New York (100-153391) [REDACTED] (PG. 4) b6  
1 - New York (100-136881) [REDACTED] (PGS. 4,7) b7C  
1 - New York (100-142606) [REDACTED] (PGS. 4,5) b7D  
1 - New York (100-) [REDACTED] (PGS. 4)  
1 - New York (100-) [REDACTED] (PGS. 4,6)  
1 - New York (100-) [REDACTED] (PG. 4)  
1 - New York (100-) [REDACTED] (PG. 4)  
1 - New York (157-1189) (EQUAL) (42) "  
1 - New York (157-1226) (PARENTS WORKSHOP) (42) "  
1 - New York (100-142610) (COMINFIL PARENTS WORKSHOP) (41) "  
1 - New York (100-96727) [REDACTED] (47) (PGS. 4,6,7)  
1 - New York (100-153278) [REDACTED] (47) (PG. 4)  
1 - New York (100-153280) [REDACTED] (47) (PGS. 4,7)  
1 - New York (100-9-140708) [REDACTED] (47) (PG. 4)  
1 - New York (100-) [REDACTED] (47) (PGS. 5,7) b6  
1 - New York (100-) [REDACTED] (47) (PG. 5) b7C  
1 - New York (100-) [REDACTED] "  
1 - New York (157-) [REDACTED] (CORE) (47) "  
1 - New York (100-79303) [REDACTED] (COMINFIL CORE) (41) "  
1 - New York (100-) [REDACTED] (47) "  
1 - New York (100-151987) (DU BOIS CLUB OF BROOKLYN) (42) "  
1 - New York (157-1224) (NAACP) (42) "  
1 - New York (100-) (LOUIS GROUP) (PH) (47) "

COPIES CONTINUED NEXT PAGE

1 - New York (157-1036) (42)

ROJ:tnl

(42)

100-153735-649  
Searched...Indexed...  
Serialized...Filed...

NOV-24 1964  
FBI-NEW YORK

*[Handwritten signature]*

NY 157-1036

COPIES CONTINUED

1 - New York	(100-	[REDACTED]	(47)	(PG. 5)
1 - New York	(100-		)	"
1 - New York	(100-		)	"
1 - New York	(157-		(42)	"
1 - New York	(157-	HARLEM PARENTS COMMITTEE	(42)	"
1 - New York	(100-	CALVIN MOVIN	(4)	"
1 - New York	(100-80703)	[REDACTED]	(7)	" b6
1 - New York	(100-		(47)	" b7C
1 - New York	(100-48143)			"
1 - New York	(100-96029)	DRUG AND WHOLESALERS UNION	(41)	"
1 - New York	(157-1225)	CARIS	(42)	"
1 - New York	(100-	[REDACTED]	(47)	"
1 - New York	(157-	CITY WIDE COMMITTEE FOR INTEGRATED SCHOOLS		"
	(42)			"
1 - New York	(100-153735)	CIRM		(42)

NY 157-1036

Identity of Source: [redacted]

Description of info: Meeting of various civil rights organizations called by [redacted] 10/5/64.

b6  
b7C  
b7D

Date Received: 11/12/64

Original Located: [redacted]

On 11/12/64, [redacted] advised that the unknown white male, about [redacted] tall, about [redacted] pounds, [redacted] complexion, [redacted] hair, who took attendance record around was [redacted]

b6  
b7C

A copy of informant's report follows:

11-10-64

On Thursday, Nov. 5th, 1964, a meeting was held at Siloam Presbyterian Church, Jefferson Avenue and Marcy in Brooklyn, sponsored by [redacted] bringing together various Civil Rights Groups and their representatives as well as interested individuals, in order to plan and map a drive for Civil Rights in the future and to obtain commitment of support from each group, with emphasis on the schools and education.

b6  
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[redacted] and [redacted] arrived at about 7 P.M. in order to cut stencils for distribution at the meeting which stencils related to the lack of Negroes in a supervisory capacity in the New York School System, as well as a listing of each Borough's segregated schools and percentage of Negroes attending. [redacted] and [redacted] worked until opening of the Meeting. [redacted] having arrived to run off cut stencils on mimeo and she

b6  
b7C

[redacted] who was to take Minutes of the Meeting requested that [redacted] do so until she could finish the mimeographing and join the group to which [redacted] acceded. About 150 people attended the meeting but many arrived quite late while it was in progress and there were perhaps 50 people at the start of the meeting.

[redacted] opened the meeting by requesting that each person rise and identify himself and the group he represented so that "no reporters could sneak in". This was done and some of the people so identifying themselves were as follows:

[redacted]

groups unidentified (individuals ?)  
EQUIL  
Boys High School  
THE PARENTS WORKSHOP  
THE PARENTS WORKSHOP  
THE PARENTS WORKSHOP  
SILOAM PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH  
PIDOT SCHOOLS  
E. NEW YORK CIVIL RIGHTS GROUP  
SCHOOLTEACHER  
SCHOOLTEACHER, P.S. 21

b6  
b7C

[REDACTED]

SCHOOLTEACHER  
PRINCIPAL  
BROOKLYN COLLEGE CORE  
DU BOIS CLUB OF BROOKLYN  
BROOKLYN COLLEGE NAACP (false)  
BROOKLYN DU BOIS CLUB  
FARRAGUT TENANTS GROUP  
HARLEM PARENTS COMMITTEE  
NEW YORK CORE  
BROOKLYN CORE  
BROOKLYN CORE  
DRUG AND WHOLESALERS UNION  
CARIS

b6  
b7C

[REDACTED] Unidentified attorney for City Wide Committee for Integrated Schod  
[REDACTED] City Wide Committee for  
Integrated Schools

Various teachers and principals representing the U.F.T.  
(United Federation of Teachers)

An unidentified white male, age about [REDACTED] tall,  
weighing about [REDACTED] lbs., [REDACTED] complexion,  
[REDACTED] hair, took the attendance record around to be signed by  
all and returned it complete to [REDACTED]

b6  
b7C

[REDACTED] gave a short talk and indicated that the [REDACTED]  
announcement regarding suspension of "pairing of the schools"  
meant nothing to the Civil Rights movement as this was not the  
main issue involved. However, he said, something must now be  
done to promote school integration and ways and means was the  
purpose of this meeting. [REDACTED] set forth a 3 point  
proposal to the groups attending for approval by each group,  
as follows:

b6  
b7C

- 1) Freezing of the construction program (of schools).
- 2) Issuance of citywide timetable for integration or a  
commitment to issuance of same.
- 3) Advancement of approximately 165 Negro schoolteachers to  
supervisory positions in the school system.

[REDACTED] asked that each group back these demands when  
submitted to the Board of Education. He stated that action  
on the demands might be obtained by education of the public  
and issuance of propaganda or by direct action, as follows:

b6  
b7C

- 1) Shutting down of the 600 schools (schools for mentally or emotionally disturbed, or behaviour problem youngsters, mostly Negro)
- 2) Shutting down by absence of pupils of the 31 segregated High Schools, which could be done one by one.
- 3) Permitting independent action of the Civil Rights Groups to achieve these aims.

[redacted] then spoke of the lack of supervisory Negro personnel in the schools and mimeographed sheets were distributed. Listings of the 31 segregated schools by Borough were also given out.

b6  
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Discussion was had on the Negro supervisory lack in the schools. [redacted] then stated time was growing short and he had three questions to ask:

- 1) Could representatives of various groups now present give consent to outlined plans for integration or would they first have to be submitted to their organizations?

[redacted] said she would have to get a vote from EQUIL and the other groups, such as Brooklyn CORE, concurred so [redacted] then said all present would meet a week from Nov. 5th at the Church auditorium with stamps of approval.

b6  
b7C

- 2) What date should be set for ACTION?

[redacted] suggested February 3rd since it was anniversary of the first school boycott and this met with general acceptance.

b6  
b7C

[redacted] also stated that she had been doing general investigation work in her neighborhood to learn how white parents felt about a boycott of the 600 schools and that the white parents were very alarmed and "terrified" at the idea of disturbed children running the streets so that she felt it would be a valuable weapon to use to further the aim of the Civil Rights Groups.

It was then discussed and at length decided that arrangements should be made for Committees to work toward the Feb. 3rd date as the action date for boycotting of the 600 Schools and [redacted] [redacted] said a plan would be worked out for playgrounds or "places to go" for these children, perhaps volunteers to supervise small groups of the children. He asked how long it might be to achieve the boycott and [redacted] said perhaps a week since the teachers in such schools were mostly colored and could instruct the children not to come to school; also the colored parents would no doubt cooperate. [redacted] then set up two committees, a Public Relations Committee and a Speakers Bureau. On the Public Relations Committee, to write and distribute propaganda to "educate" the parents, were [redacted] Chairman and teacher, [redacted] Parents Workshop, a representative of the Harlem Parents Group, [redacted] [redacted] and the school [redacted].

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Brooklyn CORE through [redacted] volunteered to supply workers to distribute leaflets and notices.

The third question [redacted] threw out to the group was "What to inform the press when questioned regarding the meeting and its development" Many of those present shouted "Nothing!"- but [redacted] said since it had appeared in the Herald Tribune Program that very evening some statement should be readied. It was agreed that the press should be informed that "the moratorium on boycotts was OFF" and that action for the future move toward integration was in the discussion and planning stages.

b6  
b7C

[redacted] suggested that those present return one week from that night to continue discussion and formulate plans; also to bring with them acceptance by their group of his recommendations for future action.

The time set was 8:30 P.M., same place.

The meeting adjourned at 11:30 P.M. on this note, and reporters and photographers then came into the assembly hall.



File--Serial Charge Out  
FD-5 (Rev. 6-17-70)

48-16-83475-1 GPO

File 100 153735 Date 5/5/77  
Class. Case No. Last Serial

☐ Pending

☐ Closed

Serial No. Description of Serial Date Charged

655-654 Serial sent to Bureau, per

653-652 Buairtel to NY, dtd. 4/12/77,

651-650 titled; Bernard S. Lee v.  
Clarence M. Kelley, et. al.

BuFile 62-117194d

Section #23

Employee

RECHARGE

Date

To From

Initials of Clerk

Date

Date Charged

Employee

Location

UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

# Memorandum

TO : SAC, NEW YORK

DATE: 11/24/64

FROM : SA CHARLES W. COOKE

SUBJECT: CIRM  
MARTIN LUTHER KING  
SM-C

At approx. 10:35 pm, 11/24/64, Supe  
ANDREW DECKER, at the Bureau advised that they had rec'd  
a teletype from Atlanta to the Bureau with no copy for  
NY, which on page 2, reflected that one [redacted]  
identification unknown. in NYC was in contact with [redacted]  
[redacted] to KING. [redacted] discussed  
J. EDGAR HOOVER'S criticism of KING, and referred to  
HOOVER as the scum of the U.S. for two generations and  
[redacted] recalled that he [redacted] may have an old photo  
of HOOVER tkain in the 1930's, in a night club and  
HOOVER is holding a machine gun, and [redacted] believed  
with HOOVER were two men who later were #2 and #3 of  
the most wanted in the country.

b6  
b7C

DECKER requested NYO to attempt to  
identify [redacted] and there was no additional  
descriptive info.

At approx. 11:40 pm, DECKER was  
given a summary of info in NY105-67654 re [redacted] and  
in NY65-2977-159 page 5. He requested a teletype  
of pertinent info re [redacted] on 11/25/64.

b6  
b7C

Search of NYO indices reflected  
numerous refs. and case files on [redacted] and  
only a cursory check was made, ~~of the following~~ and  
the following were checked:  
1 -NY

CWC:cwc  
(1)

100-153735-656

SEARCHED.....	INDEXED.....
SERIALIZED.....	FILED.....
NOV 25 1964	
FBI - NEW YORK	

11/25/64



Handled by TT 11/25/64

Buy U.S. Savings Bonds Regularly on the Payroll Savings Plan

2.



65-2977-159, page 5

100-142370\* (Not reviewed, file c/o to S  
on Sect. 42)

b6  
b7c

105-67654-5



UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

In Reply, Please Refer to  
File No.

Bufile 100-3-69

New York, New York  
November 25, 1964

Re: Communist Party,  
United States of America -  
Organization  
Internal Security - C

There follows a summary of a meeting of the National Board of the Communist Party, United States of America (CPUSA) held November 18-21, 1964, at the Martinique Hotel, Broadway and 32nd Street, New York, New York, as reported by a confidential source, who was in a position to furnish reliable information on each date.

First Day's Session  
November 18, 1964

Tom Dennis of Detroit was designated Chairman of this session.

After reading of the agenda by Mortimer Daniel Rubin, Jack Stachel reported on the November, 1964 elections.

Stachel described the 1964 elections as a political crossroads noting the challenge by reactionary forces of the upsurge in democratic people's rights. He

This document contains neither recommendations nor conclusions of the FBI. It is the property of the FBI and is loaned to your agency; it and its contents are not to be distributed outside your agency.

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~  
~~Group I~~  
~~Excluded from automatic~~  
~~downgrading and~~  
~~declassification~~

Searched  
Serialized  
Indexed  
Filed

100-153735-657

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

Re: Communist Party,  
United States of America -  
Organization  
Internal Security - C

claimed that the CPUSA had distributed pamphlets which contributed to the outcome of the election campaign and asserted that the people had chosen the high road of peace and civil rights with the result that the ultra-right was smashed.

Stachel said the Johnson victory was so one-sided that perhaps the danger of the ultra-right was overestimated but, nevertheless, the danger was there, and the CPUSA recognized it.

According to Stachel, the CPUSA must not regard war as inevitable.

Stachel reviewed statistics of election returns of various contests and stated the coalition of Republicans and Dixiecrats has been broken. He claimed victory was achieved by a broad anti-Goldwater coalition, by working class people, and by the Negro liberation movement. He credited organization of Negroes and Labor with bringing about the overwhelming vote for Johnson.

Stachel said "the left" played a bigger role than at any time since the campaign for Henry Wallace in 1948. He claimed the CPUSA had a larger percentage of members active in the campaign than heretofore and the members had a better understanding of the issues.

Stachel stated that the prestige of the CPUSA among left forces has grown. He warned against an idealistic approach to the Democratic party and said the CPUSA must fight for an independent policy and must be part of a broad people's coalition.

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

Re: Communist Party,  
United States of America -  
Organization  
Internal Security - C

In future political action, Stachel urged support of movements for legislative objectives, as well as activity in other fields, struggle for representation of popular forces in all government bodies, and support of candidates in advance of primaries to make them logical candidates.

Following the luncheon recess, Arnold Johnson reported on the role of the CPUSA in the election campaign. He claimed the CPUSA reached more people with election material than at any time since 1948.

Johnson detailed the distribution of Party campaign literature claiming distribution of 850,000 to 1,000,000 pieces of literature had been achieved. He said public appearances of Gus Hall and Henry Winston during the campaign were valuable in publicizing the position of the CPUSA.

Claude Lightfoot described the Johnson victory as a break through in the fight for civil rights. He said the civil rights movement must elect more Negro candidates and he urged non-partisan unity of Negroes supporting Negro candidates.

[redacted] discussed youth and the elections, stating that youth generally were for Johnson according to reports on activity in various colleges. He said the election shows it is possible to begin a broad campaign for federal aid to education.

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Gil Green read a rough draft resolution on the elections which Gus Hall said had been discussed by the Secretariat. Green described the election as a people's victory which smashed Goldwaterism and raised the political

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struggle to a new level. He said a threat to the national will of the people still exists in the ultra - right and from Big Business.

Green said that even though Big Business gave its support to President Johnson, it will seek to bend the electoral mandate to its own interests. He asserted Big Business does not see the end of colonialism, the end of the cold war, and is against publicly financing building programs. He said the labor movement and Negro alliance emerged from the elections in a stronger position and these forces must struggle to direct the Johnson Administration toward progressive policies.

Green continued that the CPUSA played a prominent role in the elections by helping to achieve a unity of the left and by recognizing the peril of the ultra-right.

According to Green, the CPUSA must seek a greater unity of the left, an end to United States involvement in Viet Nam, changes in the seniority systems in Congress, abolishment of the House Committee on Un-American Activities, protection of the rights of Negroes, recognition of red China, an end of the cold war, a nuclear ban agreement, a greater push to the poverty program, an end of all anti-labor demonstrations, and an end to Communist prosecution.

George Morris and Carl Winter commented favorably on Gil Green's resolutions, both seeing the election as a victory of Negro and trade union forces.

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Jack Kling and Mike Davidow praised the resolutions. Davidow commented that he thought the CPUSA gained in prestige and stature in the elections among the left forces generally.

Second Day's Session  
November 19, 1964

Anton Krehmarek was designated Chairman for this session.

James Allen, who recently returned from a trip abroad, was first speaker. He described reaction to United States election results in "Cities of Socialist Countries" as "Jubilant." Allen stated Europeans felt the climate in the United States before the elections was similar to that in Germany, during the 1930s. He said the results of the election were reassuring to these people.

Allen next spoke of the domestic political situation and said "key" for the CPUSA in this problem is one of realignment. He said labor for the first time during this election began putting forth issues politically and it is through this process that the CPUSA must carry on realignment. The traditional left cannot be defined in old traditional terms because the old left was associated with the Communist line. He said emerging left must be defined in terms of emerging mass movement and a workable left has to be developed in labor movement.

[redacted] spoke generally of coalition of forces such as Negro and labor during recent elections as an area in which CPUSA should develop so that forces will emerge in the post-election period and be influential in coming local,

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city, and state elections. [ ] felt that in New York City, a fusion ticket may emerge due to discontent with Mayor Wagner. He felt that this ticket would deal sharply with the Democratic machine.

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Irving Potash spoke of Democratic landslide in New Jersey and said the Party's main drive was concentrated on inspiring and promoting people's coalitions. He said in many cases it was on initiative of a single militant progressive and these units worked within trade union and civil rights movements in areas where the regular Democratic apparatus was dead.

Gus Hall said overriding issue in campaign was peace issue and, in the main, the masses rejected "red baiting."

Albert "Mickie" Lima and Dorothy Healey spoke on the election situation in California. Healey felt that one of the basic weaknesses there was the inadequacy of "our people" to answer the evident influence by the ultra-right.

Tom Dennis spoke of the elections in Michigan and said one of the most important developments there was the election of a Negro to Congress; said there is a developing of a Negro Trade Unionist Movement where it will go, is not known as yet.

James Jackson, in conclusion of the discussion on election analysis, called for a report to be prepared that would be broad in scope and would be broader than Party membership; said the whole left wants to know about the outcome of the election.

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Hyman Lumer stated that since their last discussion of the international conflict, there has been a change in Soviet leadership and the explosion of the A-bomb by the Chinese; said there is a need to bring the Party up to date; said the main points of Gus Hall's report are still basically correct; said new openings have developed toward better (International) unity and the CPUSA supports all movements for unity. He said ideological differences remain, but atmosphere for discussion is being cleared. Lumer said that the reasons for Khrushchev's downfall were: 1. He acted on his own; 2. He used others as his own personal envoys; 3. He gave jobs to family and relatives.

Lumer said Khrushchev is still a member of the Presidium despite what newspapers say; feels the CPUSA should not question the change in Soviet leadership, especially in the light of what was done and the reasons for it. He said there are still some questions regarding the change in Soviet leadership, but "we" must accept the explanation as essentially correct; said it would also be a serious mistake to make Khrushchev solely responsible for the break with China; feels the blame should be placed on the Chinese CP. Lumer said the CPUSA still supports the idea for a World Conference as proposed by the Soviets; said "we" are still awaiting news of the outcome of the Soviet-Chinese Moscow discussions.

Arnold Johnson gave a report on Viet Nam. He said there are many organizations and groupings which are bringing pressure on the United States Government to end the war in Viet Nam; all these should be utilized; and as a major proposal "we" should aim for a conference at Washington on this question that would represent the totality of American opinion. The aim would be to bring about a change in United States policy regarding Viet Nam. Next, "we" should

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get out a piece of literature that does a definitive job on Viet Nam. Such a document could be available by the end of the month. Issue 50,000 copies and make it a mass piece of literature.

Third Day's Session  
November 20, 1964

George Meyers of Baltimore was designated Chairman.

Irving Potash proposed statement be drawn by CPUSA regarding closing of Naval shipyards and other military facilities.

Gil Green suggested this statement include recommendations concerning use of facilities to make commercial ships for trade with underdeveloped countries and also that consideration be given to use of facilities for making of prefabricated houses for housing developments.

Tom Dennis suggested possibility of use of these facilities as training and recreational centers for youth.

Carl Winter felt further examination of question should be made and CPUSA should not join in chorus of negative reaction now taking place. Winter suggested statement say something concerning cutback in military production and establishment of program to ease economic situation.

Gus Hall said most of civilian workers affected are in the New York area, and, therefore, New York should work out a program for use of Governor's Island as a big housing project.

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Jack Stachel said he would take the matter up with "The Worker" staff. He proposed Carl Winter and [ ] as a subcommittee to work out the statement.

Gil Green said statement should be expedited to reach the people while this issue is still fresh.

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At this point, Hy Lumer arrived at meeting and [ ] was first to discuss Lumer's report given on preceding day on the International situation.

[ ] characterized Lumer's report as "feeble". He said an historic event is about to take place with the scheduled meeting of Russian and Chinese leaders and this event will affect millions of people and bear on eventual war or peace. He remarked, "And yet we barge into it as a pedantic child." [ ] stated that the possibilities evolving from this meeting of Russia and China are not appreciated by Lumer's report or his article in "Political Affairs." According to [ ] fundamental policies of peace and peaceful co-existence will not change as they are the framework of change from capitalism to socialism. What will change, he said, will be that what was formerly a collision course between China and Russia will now be a course of increasing action and policy for fighting imperialism. In pointing out examples of relaxed tensions on the part of the Chinese, [ ] cited the visit of Chou En-lai to Moscow, the easing of the polemics, and the fact that the Chinese are trying to find points of policy for collaboration.

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Gus Hall said he realized there is a world debate which has not yet been resolved but nevertheless he felt [ ] criticism was unwarranted, particularly in characterizing the approach of Lumer's report as "that of a pedantic child."

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Hall said the image of the CPUSA will never be improved by anti-Sovietism and the CPUSA must look for any policy which will help create unity. He said there must be more we can do in this unfortunate situation where we have an ideological rift in the socialist world. There is a difference in what parties say among themselves and what they say publicly. There are conflicting opinions in CPUSA as well as other Communist Parties as to what amount of differences should be aired publicly or merely discussed privately. There are differences between us as to whether Khrushchev's speech and the notes of the meeting of the Central Committee of the Soviet Union should have been made public. The Russians have different views of interpreting democracy and their views sometimes differ from ours. Hall added, "I am a great admirer of Lenin, but not everything he said was correct."

Hall said he believed one reason for the Soviet Union not making public proceedings concerning Khrushchev's ouster was apparently the possibility that lack of unanimous agreement in the Central Committee might be interpreted by the capitalist world as evidence of a split within the ruling group in the Soviet Union.

Hall noted the CPUSA and the Communist Party, Soviet Union (CPSU) are products of different societies and, therefore, CPUSA should not make hasty statements on matters affecting world Communism as the statements may not always be correct.

Dorothy Healey said she did not like to see people tagged as anti-Soviet merely because they disagree with some actions of the Soviet Union. She claimed this now appeared to be a trend in the CPUSA and it should be stopped as its continuation will stifle debate. She was asked, "What about revisionists in our Party?" And she replied that these were

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people who were in fact anti-Soviet and not merely critical of certain Soviet actions. Healey said people cannot have knowledge without debate and when there is criticism of the Soviet Union there should be debate to determine whether the criticism is warranted.

Claude Lightfoot said the CPUSA was caught unprepared by what happened to Khrushchev and should be cautious in statements concerning this matter. He asked rhetorically, "How do we take a public position today and not get caught tomorrow?"

Joe North discussed the Sino-Russian rift and expressed optimism on recent developments which he feels show an easing of tensions between the two countries. With respect to the removal of Khrushchev, North said he did not believe the Soviet Union owes an explanation to the CPUSA, but that he does feel it owes a sincere explanation to the Soviet people. North noted that economic and political matters are kept from the Soviet people. He stated he is opposed to the idea of all errors being blamed on one individual. He added that the CPUSA should not be put in the position of being an apologist for the Soviet Union.

North expressed approval of the action of the Italian Communist Party on the ground that they were in the midst of an election campaign and had to keep the people informed.

Mickey Lima said it should not be forgotten that China is surrounded by foreign agents supplied by the United States. He said this type of problem has led them to course of action they are pursuing and this must be taken into consideration in evaluation of their position and in statements by the CPUSA.

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Danny Rubin said task of CPUSA is to narrow differences between the Chinese, Soviets and other countries. He said complete ideological agreement between countries is not necessary and name calling must be stopped. Rubin predicted a more public call for healing of the Sino-Soviet split.

Irving Potash described Lumer's report as a very serious effort but a report in which not everything is acceptable. Potash claimed report fails to place Chinese in proper perspective to show they are fighting imperialism and building socialism. Potash said he is not "a holier than thou one" who bows to the Soviet Union in all cases. He said that it is a mistake to take the path of least resistance and automatically bow to the Soviet Union. He said that discussion creates a better atmosphere.

In conclusion, Potash said that he felt the position of the CPSU is in accordance with that of the CPUSA.

Tom Dennis said Khrushchev's removal forced the Chinese to move in direction of re-establishing relations with the Soviet Union. He said it gave them a face saving opportunity.

Morris Childs disagreed with the Chinese position on a number of matters and pointed out that the CPUSA should not become cynical concerning the CPSU but it should be borne in mind that both the CPUSA and CPSU are trying to save the world through peaceful coexistence.

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Henry Winston noted that all Communists are concerned with unity of the World Communist Movement. He described Lumer's report as good when considered in the light of the fact that it was not written as an ideological or theoretical presentation but rather as a basis for discussion.

Winston said no matter what may be said about Khrushchev, he is regarded as a man of peace throughout the world and much has to be learned by the CPSU as to public relations.

Arnold Johnson said that he thought the greater collective leadership now in the Soviet Union will bring about greater change toward peaceful coexistence.

Carl Winter said it is responsibility of CPUSA leaders to correlate all local matters into something which will benefit the whole Communist movement. He pointed out that there are different levels of development throughout the world and the CPUSA should not attempt to impose its criteria on Communists in other parts of the world who are living in areas far less developed than the United States.

James Jackson said serious consideration must be given to the problems created by the Chinese departure from the line of Marxism-Leninism, but this must be done while, at the same time, maintaining respect for the World Communist Movement on a world scale.

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Jack Stachel expressed surprise that Lumer's report had evoked so much discussion. He said it had been carefully gone over in committee and he thought most of the questions being raised had been resolved. According to Stachel, the principal point to be covered was that peaceful coexistence would continue as a policy of the Soviet Union in spite of Khrushchev's removal.

Stachel said the CPUSA should be the last Party in the world to be neutral in this situation and an analysis of the problem should not be regarded as factionalism. He commented that criticism of the Soviet Union must be cautious and correct so as not to give aid to the enemy.

Gus Hall called for unity within the CPUSA, noting that it would be unfortunate if the CPUSA should offer a presentation on world Communist unity and have disunity in its own ranks. He said there is a need for a greater understanding of the principles of peaceful coexistence.

Hy Lumer stated his report was not intended to be a major report but was to bring the CPUSA up to date. He said the report is not for the public but "for our own information", and there is no need for a public statement at this time.

Gus Hall said that since this was just a continuing discussion to bring CP leaders up to date, there was no need to take a vote on Lumer's report.

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Fourth Day's Session  
November 21, 1964

Upon opening of session at 9:45 a.m., Dorothy Healey was designated Chairman. Claude Lightfoot then gave informational report. With reference to "State of the Race" Conference called by A. Philip Randolph to enable Negro leaders to discuss strategy and tactics of Negro freedom movement. All shades of opinion are to be represented, including Muslims, but not Communists. This conference is now set for Mid-January, 1965. Lightfoot said Communist Party should be present and participate, and Communist Party Negro Commission has met to accomplish this, and purpose of his speaking is to get cooperation of Communist Party districts. He asserted Negro movement does not tend to sit back and wait on President Johnson, but to go on to new levels, although there is no hostility to him. January conference will be first centralizing action of freedom movement since election.

Lightfoot urged maximum mobilization for memorial activities for late Benjamin J. Davis, and said there will be total mobilization for this in New York District. Negro History Week in February, 1965, is to be used to bring the Party before the Negro community.

Danny Rubin gave what he called preliminary report on organizational matters and called for ideas. He thought there should be major changes because of, 1. failure of Communist Party to grow among Negroes and youth, 2. failure of "The Worker" and the "Peoples World" to achieve better circulation, and 3. failure to improve financial resources.

The "Peoples World" is a West Coast Communist newspaper.

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Rubin perceived lack of confidence in the Communist Party and indecisive class approach. He urged one policy on all levels of organization and concentration in the larger districts, particularly Ohio, Michigan and Illinois, and among the smaller districts in Western Pennsylvania and the South. He called for concentration on youth, both Negro and white, and for crash cadre program. Dominant problem in districts is to understand left forms, and Communist Party must be strengthened before developing left forms. Such forms are necessary for conscious left and for a Communist Party. However, fear exists that left forms may be used in place of Communist Party. As to building Party, Rubin asked concentration on its press, and also noted fear for security of members. On internal life of Party, he saw too little vitality, and said constant discussion, new methods and advance planning of meetings are needed. Former publication "Party Affairs" should be revived as isolation within Communist Party is problem. New cadre is needed by way of crash program. Rubin said little leadership has come from the National Office and Hy Lumer has been too busy to participate. New initiative from the districts is needed. He recalled that Henry Winston had suggested cadre pool.

Rubin said work of National Center needs improvement, and factionalism has been problem. However, on positive side Carl Winter and Gil Green are now part of center. He called for more people to participate in working commissions, periodic review of work of such commissions, and clear division of work of national center, greater aid to districts with personnel and by planning of trips by leadership, more realism in discussion of projects inasmuch as no one wants to take responsibility for what can be accomplished.

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Next item was discussion of draft of Communist Party statement on election results by Gil Green. Mickie Lima said Democratic centralism must be kept in mind, and draft must not be handled in ordinary way, but disseminated to outside groups, such as left organizations, Democratic Party and discussion groups for their ideas.

George Meyers urged promotion of fight against anti-labor legislation more than is set out in draft. He specified Taft-Hartley Act, particularly right to work section.

Henry Winston said issue of Negro-white solidarity should be raised, otherwise South will not be organized.

Meeting voted to issue draft together with letter of explanation.

Gus Hall noted that with reference to dispute between CPSU and Communist Party of China, CPUSA, must stress Party unity as there are new efforts by "The enemy" to undermine that unity. Leading comrades cannot be silent. Latest statement by Communist Party of China presents new faction for discussion, and he wants all Communist Party leaders to ponder proper reaction. He stated "new leadership of Russia is in a hell of a position. We face the same problem."

Hall said Communist Party cannot be silent, and there must be discussion on November 23 or 24, 1964, as all efforts for unity must continue.

James Jackson, Hy Lumer and Gil Green were constituted subcommittee to draw up editorial, but publication not identified.

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On November 23 and 24, 1964, a second confidential source, who has furnished reliable information in the past, advised that selected members of the National Board of the CPUSA held additional sessions on these dates at CPUSA Headquarters, New York City. The source furnished the following summary of proceedings:

November 23, 1964

This session was concerned with the preparation of a statement and an editorial for "The Worker" on the recent meeting of the Soviets and Chinese in Moscow, as well as to comment on an editorial which recently appeared in "Red Flag", the journal of the Central Committee of the Communist Party of China.

"The Worker" is an East Coast  
Communist newspaper.

Following some preliminary discussion, James Jackson indicated that the statement and editorial were being prepared by a committee. He made the following comments regarding them:

Jackson said "we" had felt that the changes recommended by the meeting in Moscow between the representatives of China and Russia were indeed a first step toward the creation of a cordial atmosphere for the civil discussion of differences that could result in overcoming the partial antagonisms in relations between the two parties, as well as between the Communist Party of China and most of the Marxist-Leninist parties of the world.

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Jackson commented that it was against this background of universally acknowledged hope for real progress towards unity that "we" look with grave concern upon the editorial in the current issue of "Red Flag" the journal of the Central Committee of the Communist Party of China. This editorial contends that the displacement of Khrushchev from leadership in the Soviet Union, must be seen as the repudiation of the social structure policies which has as their foundation the peaceful coexistence of the two systems.

Continuing, Jackson commented that so far as the CPUSA is concerned, it will never slacken in its struggle for our country to develop consistent policies in its relations with all other countries based upon the principal of equal coexistence and equal respect for each country's national problems. The struggle to eliminate war from the world stirs the interest of all people in terms of broad social progress in democracy and socialism at home.

It is our fond wish that the "Red Flag" editorial is merely a throw back to a regrettable practice of the recent past.

November 24, 1964

James Jackson gave a report on "The Worker". He described its news function as to be a crusading paper on such matters as the fight for peace, the struggle for Negro freedom, the economic wellbeing of the working class, and the social security welfare of the American people.

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Jackson declared "The Worker" has a special ideological function and that is to project the Communist viewpoints on the substantive questions of the day. He said it conducts education for socialism and Communism by publishing events which happen in other Socialist countries and these are things which give the paper its distinctive character. He noted that the paper also reflects the struggle of the trade unionists and the Negro liberation movement. He explained that the purpose is to keep the comrades as fully informed as possible.

Jackson said "The Worker" has very serious production problems and financial problems continue as circulation has not developed as well as hoped.

Jack Stachel said the circulation of "The Worker" is going down in New York. He noted that it is less than 1,000 for the Mid-week edition and 1,200 for "The Worker."

George Meyers said he regarded the handling of the trade union question by "The Worker" as very weak.

Gus Hall stated big improvements are needed as there is tremendous criticism of "The Worker" in the Party and it must be accepted within the bounds that there are certain limitations from the angle of the staff, size and finances.

Various suggestions were offered by those present for the purpose of improvement of the news content of "The Worker." These included shorter news articles, greater attention to the civil rights field, improvement of the front page to make it "more sparkling," and greater coverage of trade union matters.

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[ ] said he thought "The Worker" should be given a more independent role, rather than just be regarded as the organ of the Communist Party. b6 b7C

It was agreed that further discussion and planning was needed to assist the Editor on a long term basis but the day to day responsibilities are to remain his.

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F B I

Date: 11/25/64

Transmit the following in \_\_\_\_\_  
(Type in plain text or code)

Via AIRTEL \_\_\_\_\_  
(Priority)

TO : DIRECTOR, FBI (100-3-69)  
FROM : SAC, NEW YORK (100-80641)  
SUBJECT: CPUSA-ORGANIZATION  
IS-C  
CINAL  
(OO: NY)

There are transmitted herewith 14 copies of a letterhead memorandum concerning a meeting of the CPUSA National Board held 11/18-21/64, in NYC, and additional sessions held on 11/23-24/64, by selected National Board members at CPUSA Headquarters, NYC.

12-Bureau (100-3-69) (Encl. 14) (RM)  
    (1-100-3-72) (CPUSA - POLITICAL ACTIVITIES)  
    (1-100-3-116) (CPUSA - NEGRO QUESTION)  
    (1-100-3-83) (CPUSA - DOMESTIC ADMINISTRATION ISSUES)  
    (1-100-3-76) (CPUSA - YOUTH MATTERS)  
    (1-100-3-89) (CPUSA - STRATEGY IN INDUSTRY)  
    (1-100-3-81) (CPUSA - INTERNATIONAL RELATIONS)  
    (1-100-3-104) (CPUSA - COUNTERINTELLIGENCE PROGRAM)  
    (1-100-3-88) (CPUSA - FACTIONALISM)  
    (1-100-3-86) (CPUSA - PAMPHLETS AND PUBLICATIONS)  
2-Baltimore (Info) (Encl. 2) (RM)  
    (1-100-12076) (GEORGE MEYERS)  
4-Chicago (Info) (Encl. 4) (RM)  
    (1-61-867) (CLAUDE LIGHTFOOT)  
    (1-100- ) (MORRIS CHILDS)  
    (1-134-46)

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NOV 25 1964	
FBI - NEW YORK	

*[Handwritten signature]*

NY 100-80641

The confidential sources utilized were NY 4751-S\* and NY 2359-S\*.

This memorandum has been classified "~~Confidential~~" because it contains information from the above source, the unauthorized disclosure of which would seriously impair the investigation of the CPUSA, and such impairment could have an adverse effect upon the national defense interests of the country.

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(1-65-1242) (MICKEY LIMA)  
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1-New York (100-81675) (CPUSA-PAMPHLETS AND PUBLICATIONS) (42)  
1-New York (100-128255) (MORTIMER DANIEL RUBIN) (42)  
1-New York (100-18065) (JACK STACHEL) (42)  
1-New York (100-16021) (ARNOLD JOHNSON) (42)  
1-New York (100-84994) (GUS HALL) (42)  
1-New York (100-269) (HENRY WINSTON) (42)  
1-New York (100-141914) ( ) (46)  
1-New York (100-13472) (GIL GREEN) (42) b6  
1-New York (100-13203) (GEORGE MORRIS) (42) b7C  
1-New York (100-19249) (JACK KLING) (42)  
1-New York (100-56) (MIKE DAVIDOW) (42)  
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1-New York (100-13444) (JOE NORTH) (42)  
1-New York (100-27539) (CARL WINTER) (42)  
1-New York (97-169) (PUBLISHERS NEW PRESS, INC.) (42)

UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT  
MEMORANDUM

TO: SAC, NEW YORK (100-154002)

DATE: 11/25/64

FROM: SA PETER J. LEIGHTON (#41)

SUBJECT: INDEPENDENT COMMITTEE FOR SOCIAL PROGRESS  
IS - C

Identity of Source: [redacted] who has furnished reliable info in past (conceal) <sup>b7D</sup>

Description of Info: Rally sponsored by Independent Committee for Social Progress at De Witt Reform Church, 11/12/64

Date Received: 11/19/64

Received By: SA PETER J. LEIGHTON (written)

Original Location: [redacted] <sup>b7D</sup>

A copy of informant's written report follows:

1 - NY [redacted] (INW) (41)  
1 - NY 100-139306 [redacted] (45)  
1 - NY 100-91911 (J. GRAY) (42)  
1 - NY 100-95014 [redacted]  
1 - NY 100- [redacted]  
1 - NY 100-146356 [redacted]  
1 - NY 100-55621 [redacted]  
1 - NY 100-150459 [redacted]  
1 - NY 100-151722 [redacted]  
1 - NY 100-54555 [redacted]  
1 - NY 100-136399 [redacted]  
1 - NY 100- [redacted]  
1 - NY 100-108150 [redacted]  
1 - NY 100-152149 [redacted]  
1 - NY 100-18403 [redacted]  
1 - NY 100-100445 [redacted]  
1 - NY 100-0-140996 [redacted] ( )  
1 - NY 100- [redacted] ( )  
1 - NY 100-145163 [redacted]  
1 - NY 100-43414 [redacted]  
1 - NY 100-152081 (CCH) (41)  
1 - NY 100-153735 (CIRM) (42)  
1 - NY 100-149176 (INTEGRATED WORKERS) (44)  
1 - NY 100-147372 (PL) (44)  
1 - NY 100-154002 (41)

b6  
b7C  
b7D

PJL:bam  
(25)  
wrm

100-153735-659  
Searched Indexed  
Serialized Filed  
NOV 25 1964  
FBI - NEW YORK

*P. J. Leighton* *yes*

NY 100-154002

Nov 13 1964  
N.Y.C.

On Nov 12 1964 there was a Rally of the Independent Committee for Social Progress held at the De Witt Church at Rivington & Columbia St\_ in N.Y.C. About 80 people attended\_

Chairman  
Speakers

[REDACTED]  
JESSE GRAY. [REDACTED]  
[REDACTED]

b6  
b7C

Attending:



b6  
b7C

JESSE GRAY opened his talk by calling The Daily News a cheap Racist Rag\_ he then called Screvane a witch hunter and said he hopes that they can prove Screvane took the \$150,000.00 Bribe because all witch hunters are corrupt. GRAY called for a Coalition party to be set up to become a third political party in New York. GRAY also said the rent strike had grate potential and if all the tenants in Harlem would go on rent strike They would be able to get a civilian review board or if all the tenants would go on rent strike they could force the Government to send troops into Mississippi.

[REDACTED] spoke from the floor and asked that Integrated Workers Club of Progressive workers be allowed to come into the independent committee with\_out being Red bated. b6  
b7C

[REDACTED] said he agreed with her in principal but that the independent committie was not yet well enough organized to know just wat its policy should be.

NY 100-154002

[ ] said that the P.L. paper had 1,000 readers and many of the readers would help with the work of the committee. b6 b7C

A collection was taken up and about \$50.00 was raised after the second collection.

File—Serial Charge Out  
FD-5 (Rev. 6-17-70)

648-16-83475-1 GPO

File 100-153735-660+661 Date 5/3/77  
Class: ☐ Pending ☐ Closed Case No. Last Serial

Serial No. Description of Serial Date Charged

Serial sent to Bureau, per  
Buairtel to NY, dtd. 4/12/77,  
titled; Bernard S. Lee v.  
Clarence M. Kelley, et. al.  
BuFile 62-117194d

Section #23

Employee

RECHARGE

Date

To From

Initials of Clerk

Date

Date Charged

Employee

Location

F B I

Date: 11/25/64

CODE

Transmit the following in \_\_\_\_\_  
(Type in plaintext or code)Via TELETYPE URGENT  
(Priority)

TO : DIRECTOR, FBI (100-442529) AND SAC, ATLANTA  
FROM: SAC, NEW YORK (100-153735)

CIRM.

REFERENCE ATLANTA AIRTEL AND LETTERHEAD MEMORANDUM  
DATED NOVEMBER SIXTEEN, SIXTY FOUR AND BUREAU TELEPHONE  
CALL TO NEW YORK, NOVEMBER TWENTY FOUR, SIXTY FOUR.

[REDACTED] WHO IS SUBJECT OF NEW YORK FILE  
ONE HUNDRED DASH ONE FOUR TWO THREE SEVEN ZERO, HAS BEEN  
ASSOCIATED WITH NEGRO AMERICAN LABOR COUNCIL FOR A NUMBER  
OF YEARS. ON MAY SIX, SIXTY ONE, AN EMERGENCY MEETING  
OF THE NATIONAL EXECUTIVE BOARD, NALC, WAS CALLED BY NALC  
PRESIDENT A. PHILIP RANDOLPH FOR THE PURPOSE OF SETTING A  
COURSE OF ACTION WITH REGARD TO THE RELEASE OF [REDACTED]  
[REDACTED] CIVIL RIGHTS DEPARTMENT, AFL DASH  
CIO, FOR ALLEGED MISAPPROPRIATION OF SOME SIXTEEN HUNDRED  
DOLLARS. RANDOLPH STATED HE HAD KNOWN [REDACTED] AS A [REDACTED]

b6  
b7c

NY 100-153735  
1-Supervisor #42  
JCS:rmv  
(2)

Searched

Serialized

Indexed

Filed

100-153735-662

Approved: \_\_\_\_\_  
Special Agent in Charge

Sent 8:30 M Per \_\_\_\_\_

F B I

Date: 11/25/64

Transmit the following in CODE  
(Type in plaintext or code)Via TELETYPE URGENT  
(Priority)

NY 100-153735

PAGE TWO

[ ] TOOK AN INTEREST IN HIM AND URGED HIM TO  
SECURE A COLLEGE EDUCATION, AND THEN PUSHED HIM INTO  
AFL DASH CIO. RANDOLPH RECOMMENDED [ ] FOR POSITION OF  
[ ], CIVIL RIGHTS DEPARTMENT, AFL DASH CIO.

b6  
b7C

[ ] STATED THAT CHARGES MADE AGAINST HIM STEMMED FROM  
HIS USE OF AN UNLIMITED EXPENSE ACCOUNT WITH WHICH HE  
PURCHASED TRANSPORTATION TO VARIOUS PARTS OF THE COUNTRY.

[ ] WAS QUESTIONED BY THE DIRECTOR OF THE CIVIL RIGHTS  
DEPARTMENT AS TO WHO HAD AUTHORIZED SOME OF THE PURCHASES.

b6  
b7C

[ ] STATED HE HAD NO AUTHORIZATION, BUT HAD BEEN TOLD  
TO USE HIS OWN JUDGMENT IN SUCH MATTERS. THE DIRECTOR  
SUGGESTED THAT HE RESIGN, AND WHEN [ ] REFUSED HE WAS  
FIRED.

IN NINETEEN SIXTY ONE, [ ] WAS THE [ ]  
[ ] OF NALC.

b6  
b7C  
b7D

IN NOVEMBER, SIXTY ONE, [ ]  
ADVISED THAT THE SECOND ANNUAL CONVENTION OF THE NALC WAS

Approved: \_\_\_\_\_ Sent \_\_\_\_\_ M Per \_\_\_\_\_  
Special Agent in Charge



F B I

Date: 11/25/64

Transmit the following in \_\_\_\_\_  
CODE  
(Type in plaintext or code)Via TELETYPE URGENT  
(Priority)

NY 100-153735

PAGE THREE

HELD IN CHICAGO ON NOVEMBER ELEVEN, TWELVE, SIXTY ONE.  
ON NOVEMBER TWELVE, SIXTY ONE, A MEETING WAS HELD WHICH  
INCLUDED PARTY AND NON DASH PARTY PEOPLE. THIS MEETING  
WAS HELD TO DISCUSS THE QUESTION OF [REDACTED] WHO HAD BEEN  
PROPOSED BY RANDOLPH AS [REDACTED] OF  
THE NALC, A NEW POSITION. IT WAS AN ACCEPTED FACT THAT  
COMMUNIST PARTY CAUCUS MEMBERS OF NALC OPPOSED RANDOLPH'S  
SELECTION OF [REDACTED] WHO WAS A NONDDASH PARTY PERSON.

b6  
b7C

IN NOVEMBER, SIXTY TWO, [REDACTED] NEW YORK,  
WAS ELECTED [REDACTED] OF NALC TO SUCCEED [REDACTED] WHO  
RESIGNED.

IN NOVEMBER, SIXTY TWO, [REDACTED]  
ADVISED THAT WILLIAM PATTERSON OF COMMUNIST PARTY NATIONAL  
OFFICE, TOLD COMMUNIST PARTY NEGRO CAUCUS MEMBERS OF  
NALC THAT THEY SHOULD WORK TOWARD THE ELECTION OF A NEW

b6  
b7C  
b7D

[REDACTED] THEREBY GETTING RID OF [REDACTED]  
[REDACTED] IN MAY, SIXTY FOUR, WAS DESCRIBED

Approved: \_\_\_\_\_ Sent \_\_\_\_\_ M Per \_\_\_\_\_  
Special Agent in Charge

F B I

Date: 11/25/64

Transmit the following in CODE  
(Type in plaintext or code)Via TELETYPE URGENT  
(Priority)

NY 100-153735

PAGE FOUR

AS [ ] OF THE AMERICAN NEGRO LEADERSHIP CONFERENCE  
ON AFRICA, IN NEW YORK, AND [ ] HAD MENTIONED THAT  
HE WAS WITH CORE.

b6  
b7C

FROM THE INFORMATION SET OUT ABOVE, IT WOULD  
SEEM THAT [ ] WHO WAS ASSOCIATED WITH  
NALC, IS IDENTICAL WITH THE PERSON WHO WAS IN CONTACT  
WITH MARTIN LUTHER KING, JR.'S OFFICE AND [ ]  
HOWEVER, THERE IS NOT SUFFICIENT INFORMATION TO ESTABLISH  
THIS IDENTIFICATION POSITIVELY.

NEW YORK WILL BE ALERT FOR ANY INFORMATION WHICH WILL  
DEFINITELY ESTABLISH THIS IDENTIFICATION.

Approved: \_\_\_\_\_ Sent \_\_\_\_\_ M Per \_\_\_\_\_  
Special Agent in Charge

F B I

Date: 11/25/64

Transmit the following in PLAIN TEXT  
(Type in plain text or code)Via TELETYPE URGENT  
(Priority)TO: DIRECTOR, FBI (100-442529)  
SAC, ATLANTA

FROM: SAC, NEW YORK (100-153735)

CIRM.

ON NOVEMBER TWENTY FOUR, SIXTY FOUR, MARTIN LUTHER KING CONTACTED [REDACTED] REQUESTING [REDACTED] AND "OUR FRIEND" (STANLEY LEVISON) TO SUBMIT A FIVE MINUTE SPEECH WHICH KING COULD GIVE ON THE NIGHT OF THE PRESENTATION OF THE NOBLE PEACE PRIZE. THIS IS NOT TO BE CONFUSED WITH THE FORTY FIVE MINUTE SPEECH ON THE FOLLOWING DAY. KING WILL ALSO REQUEST [REDACTED] [REDACTED] AND HARRY WACHTEL TO WRITE FIVE MINUTE SPEECHES. FROM THESE THREE SPEECHES, HE WILL SELECT THE BEST THING TO SAY. KING REQUESTED SPEECH BE SENT TO HIS HOUSE BY SATURDAY, NOVEMBER TWENTY EIGHT, SIXTY FOUR. KING WILL RETURN TO ATLANTA NOVEMBER TWENTY FIVE, SIXTY FOUR; LEAVE THERE NOVEMBER TWENTY NINE, SIXTY FOUR, TO SPEAK IN CINCINNATI, AND ON NOVEMBER THIRTY, SIXTY FOUR, WILL SPEAK IN STAMFORD, CONNECTICUT, THEN RETURN TO ATLANTA. HE WILL BE IN NEW YORK

1 - NY 100-153735 (42)

JJk:gmd  
(2) *Jmd*

1 - Supv. 42

Searched \_\_\_\_\_  
Serialized \_\_\_\_\_  
Indexed \_\_\_\_\_  
Filed \_\_\_\_\_

100-153735-663

312  
354  
31

Approved: *[Signature]*  
Special Agent in ChargeSent *312* M Per *[Signature]*

F B I

Date:

Transmit the following in \_\_\_\_\_  
(Type in plain text or code)Via \_\_\_\_\_  
(Priority)

NY 100-153735

PAGE TWO

CITY, DECEMBER THIRD, SIXTY FOUR, AT HOME OF RALPH BUNCHE  
AND ATTEND A LUNCHEON BY U. THANT ON DECEMBER FOUR, SIXTY  
FOUR. ON DECEMBER FOUR, SIXTY FOUR, EVENING, ADALAI STEVENSON  
WILL ENTERTAIN HIM BEFORE HE LEAVES FOR OSLO.

Approved: \_\_\_\_\_ Sent \_\_\_\_\_ M Per \_\_\_\_\_  
Special Agent in Charge

**File--Serial Charge Out**

FD-5 (Rev. 6-17-70)

048-16-83475-1 GPO

File 100 153735 Date 5/5/77

Class: ☐ Pending ☐ Closed

Serial No. Description of Serial Date Charged

665664 Serial sent to Bureau, per  
Buairtel to NY, dtd. 4/12/77,  
titled; Bernard S. Lee v.  
Clarence M. Kelley, et. al.  
BuFile 62-117194d

Section #23

Employee

**RECHARGE**

Date

To From

Initials of Clerk

Date

Date Charged

Employee

Location

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION  
FOIPA  
DELETED PAGE INFORMATION SHEET

No Duplication Fees are charged for Deleted Page Information Sheet(s).

Total Deleted Page(s) ~ 17

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